IMPLEMENTATION OF GUIDELINES OF STATUTORY/ REGULATORY BODIES



VAAGDEVI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Affiliated to Kakatiya University)

Approved by A.I.C.T.E. PCI New Delhi & Recognised by Govt. of Telangana

Date	:			
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COLLEGE RULES & REGULATIONS

General Rules & Regulations

- 1. All students should reach the classroom on time and shall not leave the class without the permission of the faculty.
- 2. All students should wear proper formal uniform with shoes.
- 3. The behaviour of the students, both within and outside the college premises should be decent and befitting to a professional institution.
- 4. Students must park their vehicles only in the space allotted.
- 5. Students found guilty of ragging will be dismissed from the college as per the Supreme Court ruling.
- 6. Students are prohibited to use mobile phones within the campus and in the class.
- 7. Students shall communicate only in English language among themselves and with the faculty members to improve the English communication skill of students.
- 8. Students shall keep themselves informed of the instructions issued to them from time to time orally or through notices/ circulars and emails.
- 9. Students are expected to contribute towards the academic/ social/environmental initiatives that the Institute may undertake.
- 10. For outstation programmes including study tour, the students are required to submit a permission letter from their parents.
- 11. Students are required to keep safe custody of their valuables. They should maintain decency and decorum during cultural events, be it inside the campus or outside.
- 12. Any unhealthy relationship between students that might affect their academic performance, breach their personal space or affect the reputation of the institution will be strictly dealt with.
- 13. The College campus is a no smoking/alcohol free zone.

Principal
Vaaadevi College of Pharmacy

#2-2-457/3, Rammayar, HANAMKONDA - 506 001, Warangal, Telangana.

Phone: 0870-2455111



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- 14. Every student should carry his/ her identity card and produce it on demand by the authorities.
- 15. Students are prohibited from organizing or attending meetings in the college, distributing notices, collecting money and exhibiting banners, flags, posters etc. without the permission of the Principal.
- 16. All expressions or activities which are immoral, antisocial, communal and anti-national are strictly prohibited in the College campus.
- 17. The Principal shall be the final authority in the interpretation of the College rules. Matters not covered by these rules are left to the discretion of the Principal and his decision shall be final.
- 18. Students are expected to attend all classes without fail. If, for unavoidable reasons, leave of absence is required, permission from competent authority should be sought.
- 19. Strict silence should be maintained during class hours in the Classrooms, Library, Laboratory, Examination halls
- 20. Students are expected to take care of the college property and help in keeping the premises neat and clean. Disfiguring of walls, doors or breaking the furniture is a breach of discipline and will not be tolerated.
- 21. Ragging in any form inside or outside the college campus and hostel is banned. Senior students found indulging in ragging junior students will be dismissed from the institution.
- 22. Students who do not follow the college rules and regulations will be expelled from the college.
- 23. Students are expected to maintain at least 75% of attendance to permit for college internal exams.

College of page 1

Principal
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Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 001

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UGC GUIDELINES IN CURBING THE MENACE OF RAGGING UN HIGHER **EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS**

The Anti-Ragging Committee is instituted at each college or university to ensure compliance with the provisions of the regulations as well as the provisions of any law for the time being in force concerning ragging; investigate complaints and also, monitor the institution. The Anti Ragging Committee is involved in designing strategies and action plan for curbing the menace of ragging in the college by adopting an array of activities. The committee is also responsible for conducting awareness programmes from time-to-time on campus.

UGC Regulations on 'Curbing the Menace of Ragging in Higher Educational Institutions, 2009' are mandatory and all higher education institutions are required to take necessary steps for its implementation including the monitoring mechanism. Any violation of these regulations will be viewed seriously. If any institution fails to take adequate steps to prevent ragging or does not act in accordance with these Regulations or fails to punish perpetrators of incidents of ragging suitably, it will attract punitive action against itself by the UGC.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India perhaps has given a more comprehensive meaning of ragging as under:

"Ragging is any disorderly conduct, whether by words spoken or written, or by an act which has the effect of teasing, treating or handling with rudeness any student, indulging in rowdy or undisciplined activities which cause or are likely to cause annoyance, hardship or psychological harm or to raise fear or apprehension thereof in a fresher or a junior student and which has the effect of causing or generating a sense of shame or embarrassment so as to adversely affect the psyche of a fresher or a junior student."

Hence, Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy has established Anti Ragging Committee to prevent ragging within the college premises and strict punishments were given to the offenders according to the rules of the college committee.



PrincipalVaagdevi College of Pharmacy

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HOW TO PROHIBIT RAGGING

- Anti-ragging movements should be initiated by the institutions right from the time of admissions. The forms for admission issued to aspirants for admission must clearly mention that ragging is banned in the institution and any one indulging in ragging is likely to be punished appropriately with punishment.
- The application for admission or enrolment shall have a printed undertaking to be filled up and signed by the applicant to the effect that he/she is aware of the institution's approach towards ragging and the punishment to which he or she shall be liable if found guilty of ragging. A similar undertaking shall be obtained from the parent/guardian of the applicant.
- A printed leaflet detailing when and to whom one has to turn for information, help and guidance for various purposes, keeping in view the needs of new entrants in the institution, along with the addresses and telephone numbers of such persons, should be given to fresher's at the time of admissions.
- The Management, the Principal, the Teaching Staff should interact with the freshmen and take them in confidence by apprising them of their right as well as obligation to fight against ragging
- At the commencement of the academic session, the institution should constitute a committee consisting of senior faculty members and hostel authorities like wardens and a few responsible senior students: A) to keep a continuous watch and vigil over ragging so as to prevent its occurrence and recurrence, B) To promptly deal with the incidents of ragging brought to its notice and summarily punish the guilty either by itself or by putting forth its findings/recommendations/suggestions before the authority competent to take decision.
- All vulnerable locations in the college such as the canteen, the playground, etc. shall be identified and specially watched.

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• Posters, notice boards and signboards wherever necessary, may be used for the purpose.

If campus ragging comes to the notice of any of the anti-ragging squad then punishment can be given to the offender after confirming it. The committee members or faculty members are responsible to make sure to avoid ragging in the class areas and in the college premises whereas non-teaching staff are responsible to avoid ragging in outside areas like canteen, ground etc.

Forms of Ragging

Display of noisy, disorderly conduct, teasing, excitement by rough or rude treatment or handling, including rowdy, undisciplined activities which cause or likely to cause annoyance, undue hardship, physical or psychological harm or raise apprehensive fear in a fresher, or asking the students to do any act or perform something which such a student will not do in the ordinary course and which causes him/her shame or embarrassment or danger to his/her life, etc.

The punishments for the offenders who participated in ragging

- 1. Cancellation of admission.
- 2. Suspension from attending classes.
- 3. Withholding/withdrawing scholarship/fellowship and other benefits.
- 4. Debarring from appearing in any test/examination or other evaluation process.
- 5. Withholding results.
- 6. Debarring from representing the institution in any national or international meet, tournament, youth festival, etc.
- 7. Suspension/expulsion from the hostel.
- 8. Rustication from the institution for periods varying from 1 to 4 semesters or equivalent period.
- 9. Expulsion from the institution and consequent debarring from admission to any other institution.
- 10 Fine up to Rs. 25,000/-





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POLICY AGANIST SEXUAL HARASSMENT

PREAMBLE

In view of the right to dignity and protection of women against sexual harassment, and its recognition as Universal Human Right under various international conventions, instruments and protocols like United Nation's Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDA W) as ratified by the Government of India & as per guidelines laid by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in Vishakha V State of Rajasthan [1997 (7) SCC 323] & Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy constituted committee to provide sexual harassment free and safer environment for the girls and women with in the campus.

Sexual harassment is a type of discrimination based on sex. When someone is sexually harassed in college, it can undermine their sense of personal dignity and safety, disrupt their education, and interfere with their ability to reach their full potential in life. If left unchecked, sexual harassment in the College setting has the potential to escalate to violent behaviour, including sexual assault.

Psychological effects may include anxiety, depression, disrupted sleep, loss of appetite, inability to concentrate, lowered self-esteem, loss of interest in regular activities, social isolation, and feelings of sadness, fear or shame. Some students may abuse drugs and/or alcohol to cope. In extreme cases, students may think about or even attempt suicide.

Some examples of sexual harassment are:

- Asking for sex in exchange for a benefit or a favour
- Repeatedly asking for dates, and not taking "no" for an answer
- Demanding hugs
- Making unnecessary physical contact, including unwanted touching
- Using rude or insulting language or making comments toward girls and women (or boys and men, depending on the circumstances)

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- Calling people sex-specific derogatory names
- Making sex-related comments about a person's physical characteristics or actions
- Saying or doing something because you think a person does not conform to sex-role stereotypes
- Posting or sharing pornography, sexual pictures or cartoons, sexually explicit graffiti, or other sexual images (including online)
- Making sexual jokes
- Bragging about sexual prowess
- Bullying based on sex or gender
- Spreading sexual rumours or gossip (including online).

ANTI SEXUAL HARASSMENT

As per the guidelines issued by Hon'ble Supreme Court of India and CBSE instructions vide CBSE/AdmnI/14(6)/2004 dated February 16, 2004 on Sexual Harassment of Women and Students at work place in the institutions, it is obligatory for the College to constitute an Anti – Sexual Harassment Committee for female employees/girls (students) in the College.

Committee against Sexual Harassment:

With regard to the Supreme Court Judgment in 1977 and guidelines issued in the Act passed by Parliament in 2013 in this regard to provide for the effective enforcement of the basic human right of gender equality and guarantee against sexual harassment and abuse, more particularly 2 against sexual harassment at work places, the University Grants Commission (UGC) has issued circulars since 1998, to all the institutions, advising them to establish a permanent cell and a committee and to develop guidelines to combat sexual harassment, violence against women and ragging at the universities and colleges. It has further advised the institutions to be proactive by developing a conductive atmosphere on the campus, where the status of woman is respected and they are treated with dignity.

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The objectives of the Committee are:

Prevent discrimination and sexual harassment against women employees and girl students by promoting gender amity among them.

Organise orientation program; adolescence related programs and special activities from time to time for women employees and girl students to sensitize to be proactive to deal with such discrimination if any.

The teachers are trained to attend to adolescence related issues. They are primarily made aware to notice the behaviour pattern of student. This particularly includes close monitoring of academic performance and psychological behaviour, categorically in cases of sudden decline in performance, lack of interest, depression, aloofness etc. The teachers are educated on how to counsel a student if they notice such behaviour pattern. They are also well trained to talk to parents on the subject of student sexual abuse from time to time.

In order to provide a safe, protective and conducive environment to our students for their overall development, we keep conducting workshops wherein students are taught to differentiate between good touch and bad touch. They are encouraged not to hide things and to report inappropriate behaviour to their teacher.

The entire College premises and every Class room are under CCTV surveillance which is personally monitored by the Head of the Institution.

Punishments for sexual harassment:

- Their privileges, such as library access, scholarship, ID Card can be revoked
- They can be suspended for a specific period of time
- They can be expelled permanently and
- They can be instructed to take counselling or to undertake community service



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GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 12-03-2022

- ➤ The chairperson called the meeting to order and welcomed all attendees. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss and address grievances related to online classes and explore the implementation of a mentorship program for students.
- Review of previous meeting minutes: The minutes of the previous meeting, were presented and reviewed. There were no changes required, and the minutes were approved unanimously.
- Discussion on the implementation of an online feedback system: The committee discussed the need for an online feedback system to gather continuous feedback from students regarding various aspects of the college. It was agreed that an online platform would provide students with a convenient and anonymous way to share their feedback on academics, infrastructure, facilities, and other areas of interest. The following actions were decided:
- > Explore available online feedback platforms and select the most suitable one for implementation.
- Design a user-friendly feedback form that covers different aspects of the college experience.
- > Promote the online feedback system among the student community and encourage active participation.
- ▶ Posting of online feedback form link on Institutions website for collection of online grievances.

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	8
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	· V. Sharan
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Estes 3
5.	Dr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	Joob -
6.	Dr. S. Pavani	S. Penny
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	A





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8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Du
9.	Ms. V. Rashmitha	Quy
10.	Mrs. V. Srilekha	VQ



MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 23-11-2021

- > The chairperson called the meeting to order and welcomed all attendees. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss important matters related to addressing student grievances and improving the academic and administrative aspects of the college.
- ➤ Installation of Grievance/Complaint Boxes on campus: The committee discussed the proposal to install Grievance/Complaint Boxes at two different locations on the college campus. These boxes would provide a platform for students who wish to remain anonymous to submit their grievances and suggestions for improving academics and administration in the college. The following actions were decided:
- ➤ Identify suitable locations on campus for the installation of the Grievance/Complaint Boxes, ensuring accessibility and visibility.
- Addressing the complaint regarding the issuance of more than three books from the library during examinations: The committee discussed a specific complaint received regarding the issue of allowing students to borrow more than three books from the library during examinations. After careful consideration, it was decided that the following actions would be taken:
- Assess the demand and availability of study materials during examinations.
- Consult with the library staff and academic faculty to determine an appropriate limit for book issuance, balancing the needs of students and the availability of resources.

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	8
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	. J. Shavar
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	645)-
5.	Dr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	footoof
6.	Dr. S. Pavani	5 Penner
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Que





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9.	Ms. V. Rashmitha	Oleh
10.	Mrs. V. Srilekha	VB.





VISWAMBHARA EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY VAAGDEVI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

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Ramnagar Dist, Hanumakonda-506001, (T.S.)

GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 28-01-2021

- > The chairperson called the meeting to order and welcomed all attendees. The purpose of the meeting was to address issues related to the betterment and well-being of the student community.
- Discussion on suggestions from other committees: The committee members discussed the suggestions received from other committees such as the Placement Cell, Counselling Cell, Student Council, and Alumni Associations. These suggestions were considered valuable inputs to improve the overall college experience for students.
- Addressing the complaint regarding non-functional fans in a classroom: The committee addressed a complaint brought forward by the students regarding the non-functioning fans in a specific classroom. The following actions were decided:
- Immediately inspect the classroom to assess the non-functional fans and determine the cause of the problem.
- Initiate repairs or replacements as necessary to ensure the fans are operational.

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	C
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	8 8
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	y. Sheavar
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Estes3
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	(nobon)
6.	Dr. S. Pavani	G. Ponn
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Que
9.	T. Keerthi	T. Keertlii





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GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 19-10-2020

- > The chairperson called the meeting to order and welcomed all attendees. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the mechanism for the redressal of grievances and to address the issue of safeguarding the rights of female students, faculty, and non-teaching staff.
- Mechanism for redressal of grievances: The committee members engaged in a detailed discussion about the existing mechanism for the redressal of grievances within the college. The importance of an effective and transparent grievance redressal process was emphasized. It was decided that the current mechanism would be reviewed and any necessary improvements would be made to ensure prompt and fair resolution of grievances.
- > Safeguarding the rights of female students, faculty, and non-teaching staff: The committee recognized the need to strengthen measures to safeguard the rights and well-being of female students, faculty, and non-teaching staff. It was agreed upon that the college would take the following actions:
- Conduct gender sensitization workshops and awareness sessions to promote a respectful and inclusive environment.
- Regularly review and update policies and guidelines to ensure the safety and well-being of all members of the college community.
- Complaint regarding refill of sanitary pads in ladies' washroom: The committee discussed a specific complaint received from a student regarding the need for regular refill of sanitary pads in the ladies' washroom. The committee acknowledged the importance of addressing this issue promptly and maintaining proper hygiene facilities for female students. It was decided that the following actions would be taken:
- Appoint a responsible staff member to regularly monitor and ensure the availability of sanitary pads in the ladies' washroom.
- Conduct periodic inspections to verify the adequacy of sanitary pad supplies and take necessary measures for restocking.

Convener

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Re t





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3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	Y. Showas
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(Globes)
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	Joseph Joseph
6.	Dr. S. Pavani	5: Pinn
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	(A)
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Du
9.	T. Keerthi	J. Keestii



Principal
Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy
Hospitchonda, Warengal-506 001



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GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 30-04-2020

- Principal asked the members regarding any complaints from the faculty or from the students
- ➤ The committee noted that there were no complaints received during the specified period. It was observed that the online mode of teaching implemented due to the COVID-19 pandemic had been successful in ensuring a smooth learning experience for the students without any major issues.
- As there were no grievances or complaints to address, the committee members utilized this time to discuss any other relevant matters related to the well-being and academic progress of the students and the meeting was ended.

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	N/A due to online mode
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	N/A due to online mode
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	N/A due to online mode
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	N/A due to online mode
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	N/A due to online mode
6.	Dr. S. Pavani	N/A due to online mode
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	N/A due to online mode
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	N/A due to online mode
9.	T. Keerthi	N/A due to online mode
		•



MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 16-09-2019

- It was instructed by the principal that various awareness programs to educate the legal rights of women, gender sensitization and health & hygiene safety programs for female students must be conducted according to the request of students.
- Few complaints from students have been taken into consideration including problem faced with cricket bat and lack of extra bat during games and No dustbin in second floor classroom.
- > Principal mentioned that he will instruct the PD officer to obtain a cricket bat and submit the bill for processing.
- > Principal also made sure that the dustbin issue will be solved sooner.

Principal ended the meeting after making sure that there is nothing more to discuss.

Convener

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Q.
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	(. Shearas)
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(E)\$ + 03)
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	Joobark
6.	Mrs. S. Pavani	S. Pann
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Die
9.	T. Keerthi	T. Keestin



MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 11-04-2019

- Discussed the mechanism of redressal and grievances. Discussed on providing provide support to the students to take preventive measures in matter of gender discrimination.
- Complaints from students came into notice
- Principal mentioned that students requested cleaning of washrooms twice a day is needed.
- It was made sure whether Previous grievances were resolved.
- All the committee members agreed to keep the matters regarding this meeting confidential for better outcome.

As there were no other points, the meeting ended.

Convener

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Q.
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	Y. Showar
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(5/5/CB)
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	Goodon
6.	Mrs. S. Pavani	5. Penn
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Du
9.	T. Keerthi	T. Keerttin

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MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 06-02-2019

The request by the student's council for conducting only one internal exam instead of two on a day was taken into consideration by the principal of the college. The students of the council conveyed that one exam on a day would give them sufficient time to revise the subject due to the long gap that would be there. Considering the request of the students it was decided by the committee that only one exam would be held on each day immediately starting from the next Internal Assessment examination.

Convener

Members Attended-

S. No.	Name	Signature
1480 d	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Se S
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	1. Showas
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Ester 2
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	food of
6.	Mr. S. Pavani	S. Pennin
7.	Dr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Die
9.	T. Keerthi	T. Keetti





Ramnagar Dist. Hanumakonda- 506001, (T.S)

GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

Minutes of the meeting held on, 13-11-2018 at 3:00 PM in the committee room

The Principal Dr. Challa Srinivas Reddy welcomed all the members and opened the discussions on the agenda points as follows. He mentioned that students have been requested to give their suggestions with regard to academics, examinations & autonomy and infrastructural facilities for the improvement of the college. He also mentioned that they gave some valuable suggestions on finer areas such as cleanliness of the washrooms, maintenance of classroom furniture etc.

The principal mentioned the following:

- > Students expressed that the drinking water from the coolers may be contaminated and it may not be safe to drink and students are forced to drink packaged drinking water.
- > There was a request from students for more water coolers and that college is purchasing 3 new coolers, they will be installed soon.
- There has been a request from girl students for easy access to sanitary napkins in the college. Mrs. S. Pavani would be asked to identify the possibilities of getting sanitary napkin vending machines and incinerators for all the girls' wash rooms and also provide the budgetary requirements.

Principal appreciated the faculty members for their efforts to make the college a better place for the students

As there were no other points, the meeting ended.





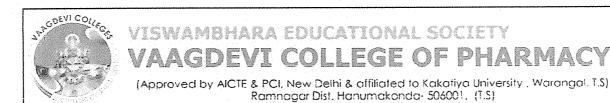
VISWAMBHARA EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY VAAGDEVI COLLEGE OF PHARMA

(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University , Warangal, T.S) Ramnagar Dist, Hanumakonda- 506001, (T.S)

Members attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	R
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	V.Shiana)
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(C)(4°)
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	1008001
6.	Mrs. S. Pavani	Afr
7.	Mr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Du
9.	T. Keerthi	AB&-





MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 19-04-2018.

The student's council meeting requested a change in the mode of fee payment.

They suggested that digital payment or payment through card should be facilitated by the college authorities. After a discussion with the principal, it was decided that the matter would be considered and very soon the convenience for such a mode of payment would be facilitated for the benefit of the students.

Convener

Members attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	A. A.
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	y. Shravan
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(a) stros}
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	Joodon
6.	Mrs. S. Pavani	6. Pom
7.	Mr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Dis
9.	T. Keerthi	T. Keelthi



Minutes of the Students Grievance redressal committee held on 20-12-2017 at 3.30 pm in the principal's office.

Principal welcomed all the members. He mentioned that students were happy that all the following major grievances put up in the last meeting were redressed.

- > Installation of 3 more water coolers
- > Installation of sanitary napkin vending machines and incinerators in the girls' washroom
- > Upgradation of facilities in the labs
- > Expansion of space in the canteen
- Regular checking up for the potability of the drinking water
- > Formation of canteen committee to monitor the cleanliness and hygiene of the canteen

Principal mentioned that the requests put up by students should be looked into immediately and the college should make the life of students more comfortable. He said that

- ≥ 28 students have self-nominated themselves to be members of the executive council, with a request to have members from all faculties.
- ➤ He requested the members to identify 12 members covering all the semesters.
- > Canteen would be kept open for long hours on the days when there are some special events in the college for student organisers
- The principal thanked all the members and the meeting ended at 4.20 pm as there were no other points for discussion.

Members attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Q.
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	1. Showar
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(6)stes3
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	Jooban
6.	Mrs. S. Pavani	6. Pinn
7.	Mr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Du
9.	T. Keerthi	1. Keestii





Minutes of the Students Grievance Redressal Committee held on 10-10-2017 at 4.00 pm in the principal's office.

- ➤ Principal Dr. Challa Srinivas Reddy welcomed all the members. He expressed about the students' request for regular maintenance of classroom infrastructure, shortage of water in the washrooms and improper lighting in some of the classrooms. He asked Convener of this committee to inform Office Super indent. to keep a regular watch on the maintenance of basic infrastructure of the college.
- Principal said that students put up a request to organise First Aid workshop for students.
 He said that the college could organise a workshop on First Aid.
- > The meeting ended at 4.45 pm as there were no other points for discussion.

Members attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	A
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	V. Shavar
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Cappers
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	1 Julianis
6.	Mrs. S. Pavani	G. Permi
7.	Mr. D. Kumaraswamy	
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	W. Mu
9.	T. Keerthi	T. Keeltii

Anamionos

Date: 01/10/2017

GRIEVANCES REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

Establishment of the cell

A Grievance Redressal Cell has been constituted to redress the grievances and complaints of the students, non-teaching and teaching staff of the college. Grievances Redressal Cell is formed in order to keep the healthy working atmosphere amongst staff, students & parents.

Objectives

- > To help Students and staff to record their complaints and solve their problems related to academics, resources and personal grievances.
- The cell shall sort out the problems/ complaints received promptly and judiciously when anybody approaches the Cell for his/ her grievances regarding academic matters, financial matters, health services, library and other central services.
- > The committee shall redress the grievances of the students as and when required.
- As a result of this mechanism, the cell has a responsibility to maintain pleasant atmosphere and good work culture with in-built goodwill and mutual understanding among all the personnel in the college
- > The Grievance Committee shall consider only individual grievances of specific nature of members of the faculty, students and non-teaching staff and raised individually by the concerned aggrieved person
- > The Grievance Committee shall not consider any grievance of general applicability or of collective nature, of raised collectively by more than one person.
- > To conduct the meetings of the committee, at rear intervals and so address the grievance issues
- > reported by the students and/ or staff if any.



CIRCULAR

As per the directives of University Grants Commission (UGC), College level Grievances Redressal Committee has been constituted with the following members for the academic year 2017-18 it will be in force for five years.

Following Members are informed to take charge of the cell.

S. No.	Name	Role
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	Convenor
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Co-Convenor
3.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	Member 🖰
4.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Member
5.	Mr. B.S. Sharvana bhava	Member
6.	Mrs. S. Pavani	Member
7.	Mr. D. Kumaraswamy	Member
8.	Dr. D. Adukondalu	Member
9.	T. Keerthi	Member





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 21.12.2022

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

Discussion on potential updates or amendments based on recent incidents or changes in regulations

Resolution

> Potential updates or amendments to be done based on recent incidents or changes in regulations.

Members attended

S.No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	<u> </u>
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	9.
3.	Ms V. Rashmitha	Bulge
4.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	1. Sharan
5.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(G)(40)3-
6.	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krishna luni
7.	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Goutham
8.	Mrs. D. Mounika	P. Gowtham D. Howika Chuapres
9.	Mrs. G. Swapna	Chrispies
10.	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Vinkelich





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 08.07.2022

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

> Discussion on strategies to strengthen the implementation and enforcement of antiragging measures.

Resolution

- Enhance support services for victims of ragging, including counselling, rehabilitation, and follow-up measures.
- Regularly evaluate the effectiveness of anti-ragging measures,

Members attended

S .No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	0
3.	Ms V. Rashmitha	Que
4.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	Y. Shasas
5.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Ester 3
6.	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krishme um
7.	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Gowtham
8.	Mrs. D. Mounika	D. Mounika Ghragnas
9.	Mrs. G. Swapna	Ghragnas
10.	Mr. B. Venkatesh	@ Venket





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 09.12.2021

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

Discussion on approaches to increase engagement and promote a culture of non-tolerance towards ragging.

Resolution

> Strengthen reporting mechanisms and ensure the confidentiality and safety of individuals reporting ragging incidents.

Members attended

S .No.	Name	g:
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	Signature
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	K
3.	Ms V. Rashmitha	\$
4.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	(Phy)
5.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(Sharar)
6.	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	W. I
7.	Mr. P. Goutham	Krishna uci
8.	Mrs. D. Mounika	P. Gowtham
9. N	Mrs. G. Swapna	D. Mourika Cishapay
10. N	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Stragnag





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 16.06.2021

Venue: Online Zoom Meeting

Time:3.00 pm

Agenda

Discussion on the committee's work in maintaining a ragging-free environment.

Resolution

Regularly monitor and evaluate the implementation of anti-ragging measures, makingnecessary adjustments as required.

Members attended

S .No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	N/A due to on-line mode
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	N/A due to on-line mode
3.	Ms V. Rashmitha	N/A due to on-line mode
4.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	N/A due to on-line mode
5.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	N/A due to on-line mode
6.	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	N/A due to on-line mode
7.	Mr. P. Goutham	N/A due to on-line mode
8.	Mrs. D. Mounika	N/A due to on-line mode
9.	Mrs. G. Swapna	N/A due to on line mode
10.	Mr. B. Venkatesh	N/A due to on-line mode





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 16.12.2020

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

- Discussion on any modifications or adjustments required due to the COVID-19 situation.
- Discussion on the development and implementation of online awareness campaigns

Resolution

> Monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of anti-ragging measures regularly, making necessary adjustments as needed.

Members attended

S.No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	2
3.	Ms V. Rashmitha	Qui
4.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	J. Shavar
5.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Extes3
6.	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krishva vin
7.	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Gowtham
8.	Mrs. D. Mounika	D. Mounika
9.	Mrs. G. Swapna	Chuagnas
10.	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Kuthet





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ANTI RAGGING COMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 02.07.2020

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

➤ Discussion on impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the institution and the need to adapt anti-ragging efforts accordingly.

Resolution

> Develop specific guidelines for identifying and addressing ragging incidents in online platforms.

Members attended

S.No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2.	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Q, Y
3.	Ms V. Rashmitha	Quig
4.	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	Y. Showas
5.	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(Gifes)
6.	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krishnavini
7.	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Gowtham
8.	Mrs. D. Mounika	P. Growtham D. Mourika Shvagnas
9.	Mrs. G. Swapna	Estrogras
10.	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Hukat





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Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 20.01.2020

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

- Discussion on the progress made on the resolutions set during the previous year's meetings.
- > Discussion on the methods for improving policy implementation and enforcement.

Resolution

- Update the anti-ragging policies and guidelines based on the identified gaps or recommendations.
- Monitor the implementation of resolutions and assess progress during subsequent meetings.

Members attended

S.No.	Name	Signature
1	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	2
3	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	V. Shavar
4	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	(G)ster3
5	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krishna vien.
6	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Gowtham
7	Mrs. D. Mounika	D. Mourika
8	Mrs. G. Swapna	D. Mourika Chragnas
9	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Kentert





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Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 10.07.2019

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

> Discussion on severity, nature, and frequency of the reported incidents.

Resolution

Provide continuous support to victims of ragging through counselling services and student support systems.

Members attended

S.No.	Name	Signature
1	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	3
2	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	2
3	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	y. Sharan
4	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	6ster 3
5	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krishna um
6	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Goutham
7	Mrs. D. Mounika	D. Mourika
8	Mrs. G. Swapna	Shoofnal
9	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Ventrat



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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 29.11.2018

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

> Discussion on strategies to enhance the monitoring and enforcement of anti-ragging rules.

Resolution

- > Develop and implement comprehensive policies and guidelines to combat ragging effectively.
- > Ensure the strict enforcement of anti-ragging regulations within the institution.

Members attended

S.No.	Name	Signature
1	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	De V
3	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	J. Shavar
4	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	@stes3
5	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krochna wier
6	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Goutham
7	Mrs. D. Mounika	D. Mourika Chwagnag
8	Mrs. G. Swapna	Chrajnaj
9	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Kukat





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Meeting

Date: 20.06.2018

Venue: Seminar Hall

Time: 03.00 pm

Agenda

Discussion on updates or amendments required based on recent incidents or changes in regulations.

> Discussion on existing anti-ragging policies and guidelines.

Resolution

> To Streng then the reporting mechanism for ragging incidents.

Members attended

S.No.	Name	Signature
1	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	
2	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	9
3	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	1. Sharas
4	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Ostes 3
5	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Krishna Veni
6	Mr. P. Goutham	P. Goutham
7	Mrs. D. Mounika	D. Mourika
8	Mrs. G. Swapna	P. Gowtham D. Mourika Cahragnaz
9	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Kukat





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTEE

Date: 20-06-2018

Anti ragging committee is constituted to ensure compliance with the provision of regulations. The committee is to prevent any physical or mental torture or any disorderly conduct towards any student.

OBJECTIVES

- > To create awareness among students about the ill-effects of ragging, and its legal implications.
- Enhance the safety and well-being of students by preventing ragging incidents.
- > Develop and implement comprehensive policies and guidelines to combat ragging effectively.
- > To formulate and execute the Anti-Ragging cell and squad, officiating within campus.
- To monitor the overall discipline of the staff and the students.
- > To facilitate and help activities at girls and boy's hostel
- > To monitor and take corrective measures for students' overall attendance etc.

The minority cell for the year 2018-19 is constituted as follows:

S.No.	Name	Role
1	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	Convenor
2	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Co-Convenor
3	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	Member
4	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Member
5	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	Member
6	Mr. P. Goutham	Member
7	Mrs. D. Mounika	Member
8	Mrs. G. Swapna	Member
9	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Member





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ANTI RAGGING COMMITTE

Date: 20-06-2018

CIRCULAR

As per the directives of University Grants Commission (UGC), College level anti ragging Committee has been constituted with the following members for the academic year 2018-19. It is in force for five years.

Following Members are informed to take charge of the cell.

S.No.	Name	Role
1	Dr. C. Srinivas Reddy	Convenor
2	Dr. K. Srinivas Reddy	Co-Convenor
3	Dr. Y. Shravan Kumar	Member
4	Dr. E. Venkateshwarlu	Member
5	Mrs. B. Krishnaveni	member
6	Mr. P. Goutham	Member
7	Mrs. D. Mounika	member
8	Mrs. G. Swapna	Member
g	Mr. B. Venkatesh	Member





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INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date:06-12-2022

Minutes of the Meeting held on 06-12-2022at 3.00 PM in the committee room.

The Convenor welcomed the members of the committee, chaired the meeting. The members discussed in detail regarding mentioned agenda and the following were discussed.

No complaint was recorded from students.

Chairman of the committee insisted to conduct seminars to instil confidence amongst Students and expressed his happiness in not having received any complaint.

The Convenor thanked the Chairman for attending the meeting and also all members for their active participation.

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. S. Pavani	5. Ponem
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	J. Rajan
3.	Dr. P. Girija	
4.	Ms. M. Shruthy	SE
5.	Mrs. K. Ragini	1 m
6.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	M
7.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	Valyani. P

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INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date:11-06-2022

Minutes of the Meeting held on 12-06 -2021 at 3.00 PM in the committee room.

The Convenor welcomed the members of the committee and chaired the meeting. The members discussed in detail related to the agenda and the following decisions were taken.

- Any complaint should be brought immediately to the notice of Chairman of the committee and suitable necessary safety measures will be ensured. Many lady faculties members to be included in anti-ragging squad to make the feel of the students more conducive in the first few months of this academic year.
- > The Convenor thanked the Chairman for attending the meeting and requested all members to actively participate and feel free for any further suggestions to make the campus more enjoyable.

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature .
1.	Dr. S. Pavani	S. Panum I. Rajan
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	I · Rajan
3.	Dr. P. Girija	A
4.	Ms. M. Shruthy	SL
5.	Mrs. K. Ragini	1500
6.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	M
7.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	Kalyan . P





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INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date:04-12-2021

Minutes of the Meeting held on 04-12 -2021 at 3.00 PM in the committee room.

The Convenor welcomed the members of the committee and chaired the meeting.

The members discussed in detail according to agenda and the following decisions were taken:

- > The committee has not recorded any major issues pertaining to harassment in the campus.
- The members received inputs from girl students that they aren't facing any problems in the campus.
- ➤ Convenor thanked all the members for attending the meeting in spite of his busy schedule, He also appreciated members for their participation and suggestions and thanked each of the members for attending the meeting

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature -
1.	Dr. S. Pavani	J. Penum
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	T. Rafa
3.	Dr. P. Girija	A
4.	Ms. M. Shruthy	SE
5.	Mrs. K. Ragini	W
6.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	M
7.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	Palyani. 9

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INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date:12-06-2021

Minutes of the Meeting held on 12-06 -2021 at 3.00 PM Online Zoom Meeting

- > Convenor welcomed all the participants.
- The members agreed in consensus that programmes should be organized to educate students about the provisions in law for protection of girls. Dr Challa Srinivas Reddy expressed his opinion that workshop on self-defence should be made mandatory for all the girl students and all the members agreed.
- > The members discussed about the healthy and congenial environment as per Covid-19 rules in the campus as there were no complaints on sexual harassment against girls.
- As there were no other points the meeting ended at 4.20 pm.

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. S. Pavani	N/A due to on-line mode
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	N/A due to on-line mode
3.	Dr. P. Girija	N/A due to on-line mode
4.	Dr. K. Sirisha	N/A due to on-line mode
5.	Ms. M. Shruthy	N/A due to on-line mode
6.	Mrs. K. Ragini	N/A due to on-line mode
7.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	N/A due to on-line mode
8.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	N/A due to on-line mode





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INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date: 3-12-2020

Minutes of the Meeting held on 03-12-2020 at 3.00 PM in the committee room.

- Convenor welcomed all the participants.
- The members discussed about the provisions in the Govt. Hand book on sexual harassment of women released. All the members present agreed in consensus that programmes should be organized to create awareness among both boys and girls about the provisions in the book like the act, implementing authorities, redress aspects etc.
- The members expressed that there were no cases of complaints against sexual harassment in the college campus and the male and the female students have a healthy and friendly relationship; they team up together and perform their academic work and participate in co-curricular and extra-curricular activities without any gender disparity.
- ➤ The meeting ended at 4.00 pm as there were no other points for discussion.

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Dr. S. Pavani	5. Pinem
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	T.Cap
3.	Mrs. P. Girija	(Fig.
4.	Dr. K. Sirisha	K.S. sole-
5.	Ms. M. Shruthy	S Sussing
6.	Mrs. K. Ragini	Im
7.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	M
8.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	Kalyani. P





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INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date: 24-06-2020

Minutes of the Meeting held on 24th June, 2020 at 4.00 PM Online Zoom Meeting

- > Chairperson welcomed all the participants.
- ➤ Chairperson expressed that Dr. S. Pavani -the women's cell should take initiative in organizing programmes involving both boys and girls and there should be a series of activities that emphasizes on gender equality and gender sensitization.
- ➤ The meeting ended at 4.45 pm as there were no other points for discussion.

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Mrs S. Pavani	N/A due to on-line mode
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	N/A due to on-line mode
3.	Mrs. P. Girija	N/A due to on-line mode
4.	Dr. K. Sirisha	N/A due to on-line mode
5.	Ms. M. Shruthy	N/A due to on-line mode
6.	Mrs. K. Ragini	N/A due to on-line mode
7.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	N/A due to on-line mode
8.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	N/A due to on-line mode

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INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date:04-12-2019

Minutes of the Meeting held on 4th Dec, 2019 at 4.00 PM in the committee room

- > Chairperson welcomed all the participants.
- > Dr K. Srinivas Reddy submitted a report stating that there were no cases relating to sexual harassment in the college during the last academic year.
- > Chairperson suggested that Dr. S. Pavani -the women's cell should take initiative in organizing programmes involving both boys and girls and there should be a series of activities that emphasizes on gender equality and gender sensitization.
- The meeting ended at 4.45 pm as there were no other points for discussion.

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature ,
1.	Mrs S. Pavani	S. Ponen
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	I lot
3.	Mrs. P. Girija	3
4.	Dr. K. Sirisha	K. Sinshe
5.	Ms. M. Shruthy	SE
6.	Mrs. K. Ragini	11/2
7.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	M
8.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	Kalyani. P

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(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University, Warangal, T.S)
Ramnagar Dist. Hanumakonda-506001, (T.S)

INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Minutes of Internal Complaints Committee

Date:13-07-2019

- ➤ The meeting of Internal Complaint Committee was held on 13/07/2019 at 2.30pm in Principal's office. The following members were present in the meeting
- > Convenor, Principal, welcomed all the members and thanked them for their cooperation efforts for formation of cell.
- ➢ Dr K Srinivas Reddy expressed that there is a smooth and friendly relationship among boys and girls in international women's day celebration of 2019. He also stated that, a large number of boys and girls were involved in the run for cause "Towards the world of equals". during orange day celebrations and there were campaigns on women safety. The chairperson appreciated and congratulated all the members for involving both boys and girls in the both the Orange Day celebrations and International women's day celebration organized by the women's cell.
- > It was decided to conduct programs 'and activities about gender equity and gender sensitization.
- As there were no other points for discussion, the meeting was concluded with a vote of thanks by Mrs. P. Girija.
- > Since there was no other points to discuss the meeting ended.

Members Attended

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Mrs S. Pavani	5. Pommi
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	J. Paper
3.	Mrs. P. Girija	9
4.	Dr. K. Sirisha	ā.
5.	Ms. M. Shruthy	SE
6.	Mrs. K. Ragini	1en
7.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	M
8.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	Kalyani P

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(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University, Warangal, T.S)
Ramnagar Dist. Hanumakonda-506001, (T.S)

INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

Date:09-07-2019

The formation of Internal Complaint Committee has been in compliance with the direction of Honourable supreme court of India. The cell has come into force from 09-07-2019.

The University Grants Commission (UGC) has issued circulars since 1998 to all the universities, advising them to establish a permanent cell and a committee and to develop guidelines to combat sexual harassment, violence against women and ragging at the universities and colleges. It has further advised the universities to be proactive and they are treated with.

Objectives

- > The committee took cognisance of the definitions of behaviour on sexual harassment, preventive steps, criminal proceedings and legal procedures to be followed by the committee.
- > The committee meets were held once in six months and deliberate on the issues and document the minutes of the meeting.
- The committee shall decide whether the facts contained in the complaint make out a case of "sexual harassment" in light of the definition contained in the policy.
- > The committee shall recommend the penalties/action to be taken against any person found guilty of having sexually harassed the complainant, up to and including termination, from of job.
- > The committee shall monitor the follow-up action to be taken by the organization on receipt of the report of committee.

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(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University , Warangal, T.S) Ramnagar Dist, Hanumakonda-506001, (T.S)

Date:09-07-2019

INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE

The College has constituted a committee as per the direction of Honorable Supreme Court of India and is known as INTERNAL COMPLAINT COMMITTEE. The following are the members for the ICC.

S. No.	Name	Signature
1.	Mrs S. Pavani	Convenor
2.	Mrs. T. Rajani	Co-Convenor
3.	Mrs. P. Girija	Member
4.	Dr. K. Sirisha	Member
5.	Ms. M. Shruthy	Member
6.	Mrs. K. Ragini	Member
7.	Mrs. M. Madhavi	Member
8.	Mrs. P. Kalyani	Member





असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग III-खण्ड 4

PART III-Section 4

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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NEW DELHI, MONDAY, MAY 2, 2016/ VAISAKHA 12, 1938

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय

(विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग)

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 2 मई, 2016

विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग (उच्च्तर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में महिला कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं इसमें सुधार) विनियम 2015

मि. सं. 91–1/2013 (टी. एफ. जी. एस.—विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 3) जिसे उक्त अधिनियम के अनुच्छेद 20 के उप—अनुच्छेद (1) से संयुक्त रुप से पढ़ा जाए उस अधिनियम 26 के अनुच्छेद (1) की धारा (जी) द्वारा प्रदत्त अधिकारों के क्रियान्वयन अनुसार विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग एतद्द्वारा निम्न विनियम निर्मित कर रहा है, नामतः :—

- 1. लघु शीर्ष, अनुप्रयोग एवं समारम्भः— (1) ये विनियम विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग (उच्च्तर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में महिला कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं इसमें सुधार) विनियम, 2015 कहलाएगे।
 - (2) ये विनियम भारत वर्ष में सभी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों पर लागृ होंगे।
 - (3) सरकारी राजपत्र में उनके प्रकाशन की तिथि से वे लागू माने जाएँगे।
- 2. परिभाषाएँ:- इन विनियमों में-बशर्ते विषयवस्तु के अन्तर्गत कुछ अन्यथा जरुरी है:-
- (अ) "पीड़ित महिला" से अर्थ है किसी भी आयु वर्ग की एक ऐसी महिला—चाहे वह रोज़गार में है या नहीं, किसी कार्य रथल में कथित तौर से प्रतिवादी द्वारा कोई लैंगिक प्रताड़ना के कार्य का शिकार बनी है;
- (ब) "अधिनियम" से अर्थ है कार्य स्थल में महिलाओं का लैंगिक उत्पीड़न (निराकरण, निषेध एवं समाधान) अधिनियम, 2013 (2013 का 14);
- (स) "परिसर" का अर्थ उस स्थान अथवा भूमि से है जहाँ पर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान तथा इसकी संबद्ध संस्थागत सुविधाएँ जैसे पुस्तकालय, प्रयोगशालाएँ, लेक्चर हॉल, आवास, हॉल, शौचालय, छात्र केन्द्र, छात्रावास, भोजन कक्षों, स्टेडियम, वाहन पड़ाव स्थल, उपवनों जैसे स्थल तथा अन्य कुछ सुविधाएँ जैसे स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र, कैन्टीन, बैंक पटल इत्यादि स्थित हैं तथा जिसमें छात्रों द्वारा उच्चशिक्षा के छात्र के रूप में दौरा किया जाता हो–जिस में वह परिवहन शामिल है जो उन्हें उस संस्थान से आने जाने के लिए, उस संस्थान के अलावा क्षेत्रीय भ्रमण हेत्

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Principal
Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy
Hanamkonda, Warangal-506-001

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- (ड़) शारीरिक रूप से संबंध बनाना अथवा पास बने रहने की कोशिश करना
- (ई) अश्लील साहित्य दिखाना
- (ii) निम्न परिस्थितियों में से किसी एक में (अथवा इससे अधिक एक या सभी में) यदि ऐसा पाया जाता है अथवा वह ऐसे किसी बर्ताव के बारे में है या उससे संबंधित है जिसमें व्यापक रूप से या छिपे रूप में लैंगिक संकेत छिपे हैं—
 - (अ) छिपे तौर से या प्रत्यक्ष रूप से अधिमान्य व्यवहार देने का वायदा जो लैंगिक समर्थन के एवज में हैं;
 - (ब) कार्य के निष्पादन में छिपे रूप से या सीधे तौर से रुकावट डालने की धमकी;
 - (स) संबद्ध व्यक्ति के वर्तमान अथवा उसके भविष्य के प्रति छिपे तौर से या सीधे तौर से धमकी देकर
 - (द) एक दहशत भरा हिंसात्मक या द्वेषपूर्ण वातावरण पैदा करके;
 - (ई) ऐसा व्यवहार करना जो कि संबद्ध व्यक्ति के स्वास्थ्य उसकी सुरक्षा, प्रतिष्ठा अथवा उसकी शारीरिक दृढ़ता को दुष्प्रभावित करने वाला है;
- (एल) "छात्र" शब्द का अर्थ उस व्यक्ति के लिए है जिसे विधिवत प्रवेश मिला हुआ है, जो नियमित रूप से या दूर शिक्षा विधि से एक उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान में, एक अध्ययन पाठ्यक्रम का अनुसरण कर रहा है जिसमें लघु अविध प्रशिक्षण पाठ्यक्रम भी शामिल हः

बशर्त, ऐसे किसी छात्र के साथ यदि कोई लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना होती है जो उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान परिसर में प्रवेश पाने की प्रक्रिया में है— यद्यपि वह प्रवेश प्राप्त नहीं हुआ है तो इन विनियमों के आधार पर उस छात्र को उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान का छात्र माना जाएगाः

बशर्ते एक ऐसा छात्र जो किसी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान में प्रवेश प्राप्त है तथा उस संस्थान में भागीदार है और उस छात्र के प्रति कोई लैंगिक उत्पीड़न होता है तो उसे उस उच्च संस्थान का छात्र माना जाएगा;

- (एम) "किसी तीसरे व्यक्ति द्वारा उत्पीड़न" उस स्थिति को दर्शाता है जब लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना किसी तीसरे व्यक्ति द्वारा या किसी बाहर के आदमी द्वारा की गई हो जो ना तो उस उच्च शैक्षिक संस्थान का कर्मचारी अथवा उसका छात्र है—बित्क उस संस्थान में एक आगन्तुक है जो अपने अन्य किसी काम या उद्देश्य से आया हुआ है;
- (एन) "उत्पीड़न" का अर्थ है किसी व्यक्ति से नकारात्मक व्यवहार जिसमें छिपे तौर से या सीधै तौर से लैंगिक दुर्भावना की नीयत छिपी होती है;
- (ओ) "कार्यस्थल" का अर्थ है उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का परिसर जिसमें शामिल हैं:
 - (अ) कोई विभाग, संगठन, उपक्रम, प्रतिष्ठान, उद्योग, संस्थान, कार्यालय, शाखा अथवा एकांश जो उपयुक्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान द्वारा पूरी तरह अथवा पर्याप्त रूप से उपलब्ध निधि द्वारा सीधे तौर से अथवा अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से स्थापित, स्वामित्व वाले या उससे नियन्त्रित है;
 - (ब) ऐसा कोई खेलकूद संस्थान, स्टेडियम, खेल परिसर या प्रतियोगिता या खेलकूद क्षेत्र चाहे वह आवासीय है या नहीं या उसे उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान की प्रशिक्षण, खेलकूद अथवा अन्य गतिविधियों के लिए उपयोग नहीं किया जा रहा है:
 - (स) ऐसा कोई स्थान जिसमें कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र अपने रोजगार के दौरान या अध्ययन के दौरान आते रहते हैं तथा जिस गतिविधि में यातायात शामिल है जिसे कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी ने ऐसे भ्रमण के लिए उपलब्ध कराया है जो उस उच्च शैक्षिक संस्थान में अध्ययन के लिए हैं।
- 3. उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के दायित्व-(1) प्रत्येक उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान)
- (अ) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण एवं निषेध संबंधी अपनी नीति एवं विनियमों में उपरोक्त परिभाषाओं की भावना को यथा आवश्यक उपयुक्त रूप में सम्मिलित करें तथा इन विनियमों की आवश्यकता अनुसार अपने अध्यादेशों एवं नियमों को संशोधित करना;
- (ब) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध प्रावधानों को अधिसूचित करना तथा उनके विस्तृत प्रचार-प्रसार को सुनिश्चित करना;



- (स) जैसा कि आयोग की ''सक्षम'' (परिसरों में महिलाओं की सुरक्षा एवं लैंगिक संवेदीकरण कार्यक्रम) रिपोर्ट में दर्शाया गया है, प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम अथवा कार्यशाला, अधिकारियों, कार्यपालकों, संकाय सदस्यों एवं छात्रों के लिए उन्हें सभी को सुग्राही बनाना तथा इस अधिनियम एवं इन विनियमों में स्थापित अधिकारों, पात्रताओं एवं दायित्वों की जानकारी उन्हें सिनिश्चित कराना तथा उनके प्रति उन्हें जागरूक बनाना;
- (द) इस बात को पहचानते हुए कि प्राथमिक रूप से महिला कर्मचारी तथा छात्राओं एवं कुछ छात्र तथा तीसरे लिंग वाले छात्र कई प्रकार के लेंगिक उत्पीड़न, अपमान एवं शोषण के अन्तर्गत संवेदनशील हैं, तदनुसार सभी लिंगों के कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति सुनियोजित समस्त लिंग आधारित हिंसा के विरुद्ध निर्णयात्मक रूप से सक्रिय बनना ;
- (ई) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के प्रति शून्य स्तर सहन संबंधी नीति की सार्वजनिक प्रतिबद्धता रखना;
- (एफ) सभी स्तरों पर अपने परिसर को, भेदभाव, उत्पीड़न, प्रतिशोध अथवा लैंगिक आक्रमणों से मुक्त बनाने की प्रतिबद्धता की पुनः पुष्टि करना;
- (जी) इस विषय में जागरूकता पैदा करना कि लैंगिक उत्पीड़न में क्या शामिल है— तथा इसके साथ ही हिंसापूर्ण वातावरण उत्पीड़न एवं प्रतिकर उत्पीड़न इन विषयों में जागरूकता पैदा करना;
- (एच) अपनी विवरणिका में सम्मिलित करना और महत्वपूर्ण स्थलों पर, विशिष्ट स्थानों पर या नोटिस बोर्ड पर लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के दण्ड एवं परिणामों को दर्शाया जाना तथा संस्थान के सभी समुदायों के वर्गों को इस तन्त्र की सूचना के प्रति जागरूक करना जो तन्त्र लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी शिकायतों के समाधान के लिए बनाया गया है तथा इसके बारे में आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों का विवरण, उनसे संपर्क साधना, शिकायत के बारे में विधि आदि के बारे में बताना यदि कोई मौजूदा निकाय पहले से ही उसी लक्ष्य के साथ सिक्रिय है (जैसे कि लैंगिक संवेदीकरण सिति जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध है, ऐसे जेन्डर सेन्सीटाइजेशन किमटि अगेंस्ट सैक्सुअल हासमेंन्ट—जी.एस.सी. ए.एस.एच निकाय को आन्तरिक शिकायत सिति (इण्टरनल कम्प्लेन्टस किमटि—आई.सी.सी) के समान ही पुनर्गठित करना

बहातें, बाद में दर्शाये गए मामले में उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान सुनिश्चित करेंगे कि इस प्रकार के निकाय का गठन आई.सी.सी. के लिए आवश्यक सिद्धान्तों के आधार पर इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत किया गया है। ऐसा कोई भी निकाय इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों के द्वारा बाध्य होगा;

- (आई) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों को उपलब्ध आश्रय के बारे में बताना, यदि वे लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के शिकार हुए हैं;
- (जं) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों द्वारा शिकायतों के निपटान, समाधान अथवा समझौते आदि की प्रक्रिया का संचालन संवेदनशील रूप से करने के लिए, नियमित अभिमुखी अथवा प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम संचालित करना;
- (के) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के सभी प्रकार के उत्पीड़न के निराकरण हेतु सक्रिय रुप से गतिशील बनाना चाहे वह उत्पीड़न किसी प्रबल अधिकारी अथवा उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान में स्थित पदानुक्रम संबंधों के आधार पर है। अथवा किसी घनिष्ठ भागीदार की हिंसा संबंधी हो अथवा समकक्षों से अथवा उस उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान की भौगोलिक सीमाओं से बाहर किन्हीं तत्वों के कारण हो;
- (एल) उसके कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति किए गए लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के लिए दोषी जो लोग हैं उन्हें दण्डित करना तथा विधि द्वारा मान्य कानून के अनुसार समस्त कार्यवाही करना तथा परिसर में लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण एवं अवरोध हेतु तन्त्रों एवं समाधान प्रणाली को यथारिथति बनाना;
- (एम) यदि उस दुराचार का षड़यंत्रकारी वहाँ का कर्मचारी है तो सेवा नियमों के अन्तर्गत लैंगिक उत्पीड़न को एक दुराचार के रूप में मानना;
- (एन) यदि अपराधकर्ता कोई छात्र **है तो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न को अनुशासनात्क नियमों (जो बहिष्कार** एवं बहिष्करण तक हो सकता है) के उल्लंघन के रूप में देखना;
- (ओ) इन विनियमों के प्रकाशन की तिथि से लेकर 60 दिनों की अवधि में इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों का अनुपालन सुनिश्चित किया जाना, जिनमें आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति की नियुक्ति शामिल है;
- (पी) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा की गई रिपोर्टी का समयबद्ध रूप से प्रस्तुतीकरण;
- (क्यू) एक वार्षिक रिथित रिपोर्ट जिसमें दायर मामलों का, उनके निपटान का विवरण हो, वह तैयार करना तथा इसे आयोग को प्रस्तुत करना;
- 3.2 समर्थन करने वाली गतिविधियाँ-
 - (1) जिन नियमों, विनियमों अथवा अन्य इसी प्रकार के माध्यम जिनके द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र (आई.सी.सी.) प्रकार्य करेगा, उन्हें अद्यतन किया जाएगा तथा उन्हें समय—समय पर संशोधित किया





जाएगा-क्योंकि न्यायालय के निर्णय एवं अन्य कानून तथा नियमों द्वारा उस कानूनी ढाँचे में लगातार संशोधन होता रहेगा जिनके अनुसार अधिनियम लागू किया जाना है;

- (2) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों का कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा अधिदेशात्मक रूप से पूरा समर्थन किया जाना चाहिए तथा यह देखा जाना चाहिए कि आई.सी.सी. की सिफारिशों का क्रियान्वयन समयबद्ध रूप से किया जा रहा है कि नहीं। आई.सी.सी. के प्रकार्य के लिए समस्त संभावित संसाधन उपलब्ध कराए जाने चाहिए— जिनमें कार्यालय और भवन अवसंरचना सिहत (कम्प्यूटर, फोटो कॉपियर, श्रव्य दृश्य उपकरणों आदि) स्टाफ (टाइपिस्ट, सलाह एवं कानूनी सेवाओं) सिहत पर्याप्त रूप में वित्तीय संसाधन का आबंटन भी हो:
- (3) असुरक्षित / दुर्बल वर्ग विशेष रूप से प्रताड़ना के शिकार बन जाते हैं और उनके द्वारा शिकायत करना और भी ज्यादा कठिन होता है। क्षेत्र, वर्ग, जाति, लैंगिक प्रवृत्ति, अल्पसंख्यक पहचान, एवं पृथक रूप से सामर्थ से असुरक्षा सामाजिक रूप से संयोजित हो सकती है। समर्थकारी समितियों को इस प्रकार की असुरक्षितताओं के प्रति अति संवेदनशीलता एवं विशेष जरूरतों के प्रति संवेदनशील होने की आवश्यकता है:
- (4) क्योंकि शोध छात्र और डॉक्टोरल छात्र विशेष रूप से आक्रान्त होते हैं, अतः उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा यह सुनिश्चित कराया जाए कि शोध सर्वेक्षण की नैतिकता संबंधी दिशा निर्देश उचित रूप से लागू हो रहे हैं:
- (5) समस्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा उनकी लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी नीति की क्षमता का नियमित रूप से अर्ध वार्षिक पुनरीक्षण किया जाना चाहिए;
- (6) सभी अकादिमिक स्टाफ कॉलेजों (जिन्हें अब मानव संसाधन विकास केन्द्रों के रूप में पाया जाता है) (एचआरडीसी) और क्षमता निर्माण के क्षेत्रीय केन्द्रों द्वारा लिंग संबंधी सत्रों को अपने अभिमुखी एवं पुनश्चर्या पाठ्यक्रमों में निगमित करना चाहिए। अन्य सब विषयों से भी इसे प्राथमिकता दी जाए तथा इसे मुख्य धारा के रूप में विशेष रूप से बनाया जाए तथा इसके लिए 'यूजीसी सक्षम'' रिपोर्ट का उपयोग करें जिसमें, इस बारे में, प्रविधियाँ उपलब्ध कराई जाती हैं:
- (7) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में प्रशासकों के लिए संचालित अभिमुखी पाठ्यक्रमों में आवश्यक रूप से लैंगिक संवेदीकरण तथा लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की समस्याओं पर एक मापदण्ड होना चाहिए। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के समस्त विभागों में मौजूद सदस्यों के लिए कार्यशालाएँ नियमित रूप से संचालित की जानी चाहिए;
- (8) समस्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में परामर्श सेवाओं को संस्थानों के अन्तर्गत रखा जाना चाहिए और इसके लिए सुप्रशिक्षित पूर्णकालिक परामर्शदाता होने चाहिए;
- (9) कई उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान जिनके विशाल परिसर हैं जिनमें प्रकाश संबंधी व्यवस्था बहुत अधूरी है तथा अन्य संस्थानों के लोगों के अनुभव अनुसार वे स्थान असुरक्षित समझे जाते हैं, वहाँ पर्याप्त प्रकाश व्यवस्था अवसंरचना एवं रख-रखाव का एक अनिवार्य अंग है:
- (10) पर्याप्त एवं अच्छी तरह से प्रशिक्षित सुरक्षा स्टाफ आवश्यक रूप से होना चाहिए जिसमें महिला सुरक्षा स्टाफ सदस्य अच्छी संख्या में हों, जिससे संतुलन बना रहे। सुरक्षा स्टाफ नियुक्ति के मामले में लैंगिक संवेदनशीलता प्रशिक्षण को एक शर्त के रूप में माना जाना चाहिए:
- (11) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान आवश्यक रूप से विश्वसनीय जन यातायात को सुनिश्चित करें— विशेष रूप से उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के विस्तृत परिसरों के अन्दर विभिन्न विभागों के मध्य जैसे— छात्रावासों, पुस्तकालयों, प्रयोगशालाओं तथा मुख्यालय और विशेष रूप से वे स्थान जिन तक पहुँच पाना दैनिक शोधकर्ताओं के लिए किंटन है। सुरक्षा की कमी तथा उत्पीड़न बहुत बढ़ जाता है जब कर्मचारी और छात्र सुरक्षित जन यातायात पर निर्भर नहीं रहते हैं। कर्मचारी एवं छात्रों द्वारा पुस्तकालयों और प्रयोगशालाओं में देर रात तक काम करने और शाम के समय अन्य कार्यक्रमों में भाग लेने के लिए उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा भरोसेमंद यातायात का प्रबन्ध किया जाना चाहिए;
- (12) आवासीय उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा महिला छात्रावासों की संरचना को प्राथमिकता दी जाए। महिला छात्रावास, जो सभी प्रकार के उत्पीड़न से थोड़ी बहुत सुरक्षा प्रदान करते हैं, उस उच्च शिक्षा के सभी स्तरों पर, शहरी एवं ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में बड़ी संख्या में उच्च शिक्षा इच्छुक युवा महिलाओं के लिए अत्यन्त जरूरी है;



- (13) युवा छात्रों की तुलना में छात्रावास में स्थित छात्राओं की सुरक्षा के मामले को भेदभाव पूर्ण नियमों का आधार नहीं बनाया जाना चाहिए। परिसर की सुरक्षा संबंधी नीतियों को महिला कर्मचारी एवं छात्राओं की सुरक्षात्मकता के रूप में नहीं बन जाना चाहिए, जैसे कि आवश्यकता से अधिक सर्वेक्षण या पुलिसिया निगरानी अथवा आने जाने की स्वतंत्रता में कटौती करना— विशेषकर महिला कर्मचारी एवं छात्राओं के लिए:
- (14) सभी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के लिए पर्याप्त स्वास्थ्य सुविधायें होनी अधिदेशात्मक हैं। महिलाओं के विषय में इस प्रक्रिया में लिंग संवेदी डाक्टर और नर्से तथा इसके साथ ही एक स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञ की सेवाएँ उपलब्ध होनी चाहिए;
- (15) महाविद्यालयों में महिला विकास प्रकोष्ट पुनः चालू किये जाने चाहिए एवं उन्हें धन दिया जाना चाहिए और इन्हें लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी समितियों तथा आन्तिरेक शिकायत समिति के प्रकार्यों से पृथक करके स्वशासी रखा जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ ही वे आन्तिरेक शिकायत केन्द्रों के परामर्श से अपनी गितिविधियाँ विस्तारित करेंगे जिनमें लैंगिक संवेदीकरण कार्यक्रम शामिल हैं तथा नियमित आधार पर लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी नीतियाँ परिसरों में प्रचारित प्रसारित करेंगे। "सांस्कृतिक पृष्टभूमि" एवं "औपचारिक अकादिमक स्थल" इन्हें परस्पर सहभागिता करनी चाहिए तािक ये कार्यशालाएँ नवोन्मेषी, आकर्षक बने एवं मशीनी न हों;
- (16) छात्रावासों के वार्डन, अध्यक्ष, प्राचार्यों, कुलपतियों, विधि अधिकारियों एवं अन्य कार्यकारी सदस्यों को नियमों के अथवा अध्यादेशों में संशोधनों द्वारा जबाबदेही के दायरे में यथाआवश्यक रूप से लाना चाहिए;

4 शिकायत समाधान तन्त्र:--

- (1) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध प्रत्येक कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी लैंगिक संवेदीकरण के लिए एक आन्तरिक तन्त्र सहित एक आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति (आई.सी.सी.) का गठन करेंगे। आई.सी.सी की निम्न संरचना होगी:--
 - (अ) एक पीठासीन अधिकारी जो एक महिला संकाय सदस्य हो और जो एक वरिष्ठ पद पर (एक विश्वविद्यालय की स्थिति में प्रोफेसर से निम्न न हो तथा किसी महाविद्यालय की स्थिति में सह—प्रोफेसर अथवा रीडर से निम्न न हो) शैक्षिक संस्थान में नियुक्त हो तथा कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित हो:

बशर्ते यदि किसी स्थिति में कोई वरिष्ठ स्तर की महिला कर्मचारी उपलब्ध नहीं है तो पीठासीन अधिकारी को उप-अनुभाग 2(ओ) में दर्शाये कार्यस्थल के अन्य कार्यालय अथवा प्रशासनिक एकांश से उन्हें नामित किया जाएगाः

"बशर्ते यदि उस कार्यस्थल के अन्य कार्यालयों अथवा प्रशासनिक एकांशों में कोई वरिष्ठ स्तर की महिला कर्मचारी नहीं है तो अध्यक्ष अधिकारी को उसी नियोक्ता के कार्यस्थल से अथवा किसी अन्य विभाग या संगठन में से नामित किया जा सकता है"

- (ब) दो संकाय सदस्य एवं दो गैर—अध्यापनरत कर्मचारी जो अधिमानतः महिलाओं की समस्याओं के लिए प्रतिबद्ध है तथा जिन्हें सामाजिक कार्य अथवा कानूनी जानकारी है, उन्हें कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित किया जाना चाहिए;
- (स) यदि किसी मामले में छात्र शामिल हैं तो उसमें तीन छात्र हों जिन्हें स्नातक पूर्व, स्नातकोत्तर एवं शोधस्तर पर क्रमशः भर्ती किया जायेगा जिन छात्रों को पारदर्शी लोकतांत्रिक प्रणाली द्वारा चुना गया है
- (द) गैर सरकारी संगठनों में से किसी एक में से अथवा किसी ऐसी सभा में से जो महिलाओं की समस्याओं के लिए प्रतिबद्ध हैं या एक ऐसा व्यक्ति हो जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न से जुड़े मामलों का जानकार हो, जो कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित हो;
- आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के कुल सदस्यों में न्यूनतम आधे सदस्य महिलायें होनी चाहिए;
- (3) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में वरिष्ठ प्रशासनिक पदों पर नियुक्त व्यक्ति जैसे कुलपित, पदेन कुलपित, रेक्टर, कुलसचिव, डीन, विभागों के अध्यक्ष आदि आन्तरिक समिति के सदस्य नहीं होंगे तािक ऐसे केन्द्र के प्रकार्य की स्वायत्तता सुनिश्चित रहे;



- (4) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों की सदस्यता अवधि तीन वर्ष की होगी। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान ऐसी एक प्रणाली का उपयोग करें जिसके द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र के सदस्यों का एक तिहाई भाग प्रतिवर्ष परिवर्तित होता रहे;
- (5) आन्तरिक समिति की बैठक आयोजित करने के लिए जो सदस्य गैर सरकारी संगठनों अथवा सभाओं से संबद्ध हैं उन्हें कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा ऐसे शुल्क अथवा भत्ते का भूगतान किया जाए, जैसा निर्धारित किया गया है;
- (6) जिस स्थिति में आन्तरिक समिति का अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा इसका कोई सदस्य, यदि:--
 - (अ) अधिनियम की धारा 16 के प्रावधानों का उल्लंघन करता है, अथवा
 - (ब) वह किसी अपराध के लिए दोषी सिद्ध हुआ है अथवा उसके विरुद्ध वर्तमान में लागू किसी कानून के अन्तर्गत किसी अपराध के बारे में कोई पड़ताल लम्बित है, अथवा
 - (स) किसी अनुशासनात्मक कार्यवाही के तहत वह दोषी पाया गया है अथवा उसके विरुद्ध कोई अनुशासनात्मक कार्यवाही लिम्बत है, अथवा
 - (द) उसने अपने पद का दुरुपयोग इस सीमा तक किया है कि कार्यालय में उसकी सेवामें निरन्तरता को जनहित के प्रतिकूल माना जाएगा;
 - तो ऐसा अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा सदस्य, यथास्थिति, इस समिति से हटा दिया जाएगा तथा इस प्रकार से होने वाली रिक्ति अथवा ऐसी कोई नैमित्तिक (कैजुअल) रिक्ति को नये नामांकन द्वारा इस धारा के प्रावधानों के अनुसार भरा जाएगा;"
- 5. आन्तरिक षिकायत समिति (आई.सी.सी.) :- आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति करेगी :-
 - (अ) यदि कोई कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र पुलिस के पास कोई शिकायत दर्ज करना चाहता है तो उसे सहायता उपलब्ध कराएगी;
 - (ब) विवाद समाधान के हेतु बातचीत संबंधी तन्त्र उपलब्ध कराना तािक विवादित बातों पर पूर्वानुमान को समीचीन एवं उचित मैत्रीपूर्ण क्रिया द्वारा देखा जा सका जिससे उस शिकायतकर्ता के अधिकारों की हािन न हो तथा जिससे पूरी तरह से दण्डात्मक दृष्टिकोणों की न्यूनतम जरूरत हो जिनसे और अधिक जानकारी, विमुखता अथवा हिंसा न बढ़े;
 - (स) उस व्यक्ति की पहचान उजागर किये बिना उस शिकायतकर्ता की सुरक्षा बनाए रखना तथा स्वीकृत अवकाश अथवा उपस्थिति संबंधी अनिवार्यताओं में छूट द्वारा अथवा अन्य किसी विभाग में अथवा किसी सर्वेक्षणकर्ता के पास स्थानान्तरण द्वारा, यथा आवश्यक रूप से उस शिकायत के लम्बित होने की अवधि में अथवा उस अपराधकर्ता के स्थानान्तरण का भी प्रावधान किया जाएगा:
 - (द) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी शिकायतों के निपटान करते समय सुनिश्चित करें कि पीड़ित व्यक्ति या गवाहों का शोषण ना किया जाए अथवा उनके साथ भेदभाव न किया जाए, तथा
 - (ई) किसी भी आवृत्त व्यक्ति के विरुद्ध अथवा प्रतिकूल कार्रवाई पर प्रतिबन्ध को सुनिश्चित करना क्योंकि वह कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र एक संरक्षित गतिविधि में व्यस्त है;
- 6. षिकायत करने एवं जाँच पड़ताल की प्रक्रिया:— आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति किसी भी शिकायत को दायर करने और उस शिकायत की जाँच करने के लिए इन विनियमों और अधिनियम में निर्धारित प्रणाली का अनुपालन करेगी तािक वह समयबद्ध रूप से पूरी हो सके। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान, आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को सभी आवश्यक सुविधाएँ उपलब्ध कराएगा तािक जाँच पड़ताल शीघता से संचािलत हो सके तथा आवश्यक गोपनीयता भी बनी रहे;
- 7. लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की षिकायत दायर करने की प्रक्रिया :- किसी भी असन्तुष्ट व्यक्ति के लिए आवश्यक है कि वह घटना होने की तिथि से तीन माह के भीतर लिखित शिकायत आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को प्रस्तुत करे और यदि लगातार कई घटनाएँ इई हो तो सबसे बाद की घटना से तीन माह के भीतर उसे प्रस्तुत करें;
 - बशर्ते जहाँ ऐसी शिकायत लिखित रूप में नहीं दी जा सकती है, वहाँ अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा आन्तरिक समिति का कोई भी सदस्य, उस व्यक्ति के द्वारा लिखित शिकायत प्रस्तुत करने के लिए समस्त सम्भव सहायता प्रदान करेगा;
 - बशर्ते, इसके साथ ही आई.सी.सी. लिखित रूप से प्रस्तुत तर्कों के आधार पर समय सीमा विस्तारित कर सकती है, परन्तु वह तीन माह से अधिक की नहीं होगी, यदि इस बात को आश्वस्त किया गया हो कि परिस्थितियाँ ऐसी थी कि जिनके कारण वह व्यक्ति इस कथित अवधि के दौरान शिकायत दायर करने से वंचित रह गया था:
- 8. जाँच पड़ताल की प्रक्रिया:--



- (1) शिकायंत मिलने पर आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति इसकी एक प्रति को प्रतिवादी को इसके प्राप्त होने से सात दिनों के भीतर भेजेगी:
- (2) शिकायत की प्रति मिलने के बाद प्रतिवादी अपना उत्तर इस शिकायत के बारे में, समस्त दस्तावेजों की सूची, गवाहों के नामों एवं पतो के नामों एवं उनके पतों सहित दस दिन की अवधि में दाखिल करेगा;
- (3) शिकायत प्राप्त होने के 90 दिनों के भीतर ही जाँच पड़ताल पूरी की जानी चाहिए। अनुशंसाओं सहित, यदि वे हों, तो, जाँच पड़ताल रिपोर्ट उस जाँच के पूरा होने के 10 दिनों के भीतर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी को प्रस्तुत की जानी चाहिए। इस शिकायत से जुड़े दोनों पक्षों के समक्ष इस जाँच के तथ्यों या सिफारिशों की प्रति दी जाएगी;
- (4) जाँच रिपोर्ट प्राप्त होने के 30 दिनों के भीतर इस समिति की सिफारिशों पर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के अध्यक्ष प्राधिकारी कार्यवाही करेंगे, यदि किसी भी पक्ष द्वारा उस अविध में जाँच के विरुद्ध कोई अपील दायर न की गई हो;
- (5) दोनों में से किसी भी पक्ष द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा प्रदान तथ्यों / अनुशंसाओं के विरुद्ध उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी के समक्ष की गई अनुशंसाओं की तिथि से तीस दिन की अवधि में अपील दायर की जा सक़ती है:
- (6) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी यदि आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति की सिफारिशों के अनुसार कार्य नहीं करने का निर्णय लेता है तो वह इसके बारे में लिखित रूप से कारण स्पष्ट करेगा जिन्हें आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को तथा उस कार्यवाही से जुड़े दोनों पक्षों को भेजा जाएगा। यदि दूसरी ओर वह आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा की गई सिफारिशों के अनुसार कार्य करने का निर्णय लेता है तो एक कारण बताओ नोटिस जिसका 10 दिनों के भीतर उत्तर भेजा जाना है— उसे उस पक्ष को भेजा जाएगा जिसके विरुद्ध कार्यवाही की जानी है। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी उस असन्तुष्ट व्यक्ति का पक्ष सुनने के पश्चात ही आगे की कार्रवाई करेंगे;
- (7) मामले को निपटाने के उद्देश्य से पीड़ित पक्ष एक सुलह का आग्रह कर सकता है। सुलह का आधार कोई आर्थिक समझौता नहीं होना चाहिए। यदि कोई सुलह का प्रस्ताव रखा जाता है तो यथास्थिति उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान सुलह की प्रक्रिया को आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के माध्यम से सुलम कराएगा। किसी भी दण्डात्मक हस्तक्षेप की तुलना में, जहाँ तक संभव होता है, उस पीड़ित पक्ष की पूरी संतुष्टि के लिए उस पारस्परिक विरोध के समाधान को अधिमानता दी जाती है;
- (৪) पीड़ित पक्ष अथवा पीड़ित व्यक्ति अथवा गवाह अथवा अपराधकर्ता की पहचान सार्वजनिक नहीं की जाएगी या विशेष रूप से उस जाँच प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसे सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र में रखा जाएगा;
- 9. अन्तरिम समाधान:- उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान,
 - (अ) यदि आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र सिफारिश करता है तो शिकायतकर्ता अथवा प्रतिवादी को अन्य किसी अनुभाग अथवा विभाग में स्थानान्तरित किया जा सकता है ताकि सम्पर्क अथवा अन्योन्य क्रिया में शामिल जोखिम कम से कम बना रहे;
 - (ब) पीड़ित पक्ष को, सम्पूर्ण स्तर संबंधी एवं अन्य हित लाभों के संरक्षण सहित तीन माह तक का अवकाश स्वीकृत कर है:
 - (स) शिकायतकर्ता के किसी भी काम अथवा निष्पादन अथवा परीक्षण अथवा परीक्षाओं के संबंध में कोई बात प्रकट न करने के लिए प्रतिवादी को बाध्य कर दें;
 - (द) सुनिश्चित करें कि अपराधकर्ताओं को पीड़ित व्यक्तियों से दूरी बना कर रखनी चाहिए तथा यथा आवश्यक, यदि कोई प्रत्यक्ष धमकी है तो उनका परिसर में प्रवेश प्रतिबंधित कर दे;
 - (ई) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की किसी शिकायत के परिणाम स्वरूप, शिकायतकर्ता को प्रतिशोध एवं उत्पीड़न से सुरक्षा प्रदान करने के लिए तथा एक अनुकूल वातावरण उपलब्ध कराने के लिए सख्त उपाय किये जाने चाहिए;

10. दण्ड एवं हरजानाः-

- (1) अपराधकर्ता यदि उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का कर्मचारी है तथा लैंगिक उत्पीड़न का दोषी पाया जाता है तो उसे संस्थान कें सेवा नियमों के अनुसार दण्डित किया जाएगा;
- (2) अपराध की गंभीरता को देखते हुए- यदि प्रतिवादी कोई छात्र है, तो उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान:-
 - (अ) ऐसे छात्र के विशेषाधिकारों को रोक सकता है तो, जैसे—पुस्तकालय, सभागार, आवासीय आगारों, यातायात, छात्रवृति, भत्तों एवं पहचान पत्र आदि तक पहुँच बनाना;



- (ब) एक विशेष समय तक परिसर में उसका प्रवेश स्थिगित अथवा बाधित करना;
- (स) यदि उस अपराध की ऐसी गंभीरता है तो उस छात्र को संस्थान से निष्कासित किया जा सकता है तथा उसका नाम उस संस्थान की नामावलि से हटाया जा सकता है, इसके साथ ही पुनः प्रवेश की अनुमित उसे नहीं होगी:
- (द) अधिदेशात्मक परामर्श अथवा सामुदायिक सेवाओं जैसे सुधारवादी दण्ड प्रदान करना;
- (3) पीड़ित व्यक्ति मुआवजे का अधिकारी है। आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा अनुशंसित तथा कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा स्वीकृत मुआवजे के भुगतान के लिए उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान निर्देश जारी करेगा, जिसकी वसूली अपराधकर्ता से की जाएगी। देय मुआवजे का निर्धारण निम्न आधार पर होगा:—
- (अ) पीड़ित व्यक्ति को जितना मानसिक तनाव, कष्ट, व्यथा एवं दुख पहुँचा है;
- (ब) उस लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना के कारण उन्हें अपनी जीविका के सूअवसर की हानि उढानी पड़ी;
- (स) पीड़ित व्यक्ति द्वारा अपने शारीरिक एवं मनोरोग संबंधी आधार के लिए खर्च किए गए चिकित्सा व्यय:
- (द) कथित अपराधकर्ता एवं उस पीड़ित व्यक्ति की आय एवं जीवन स्तर, और
- (ई) ऐसे समस्त भुगतान का एकमुश्त रूप से या किस्तों में किए जाने का औचित्य;

11. झूठी षिकायत के विरुद्ध कार्यवाई:--

इस बात को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि लैंगिक उत्पीड़न मामलों में कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों की सुरक्षा के प्रावधानों का दुरुपयोग न हो, असत्य एवं द्वेष भावना पूर्ण शिकायतों के विरुद्ध प्रावधान किये जाने की आवश्यकता है तथा इन्हें उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में प्रचारित प्रसारित किया जाना चाहिए। आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति यदि यह निष्कर्ष निकालती है कि लगाए गए अभियोग असत्य, थे, विद्वेषपूर्ण थे अथवा यह जानते हुए भी कि वह शिकायत असत्य अथवा जाली है अथवा थामक सूचना को उस पड़ताल के दौरान उपलब्ध कराया गया है तो शिकायतकर्ता विनियम (10) के उप विनियम (1) के तहत दिण्डत किये जाने के लिए बाध्य होगा यदि शिकायतकर्ता एक कर्मचारी है, तथा यदि वह अपराधकर्ता एक छात्र है तो वह इस विनियम की उप—विनियम (2) के प्रावधानों के अनुसार सजा के लिए बाध्य होगा तथापि किसी भी शिकायत को प्रमाणित करने अथवा उसके लिए पर्याप्त सबूत उपलब्ध न कर पाने का आधार, शिकायतकर्ता के विरुद्ध कार्रवाई करने का कारण नहीं माना जा सकता है। शिकायतकर्ता द्वारा द्वेषपूर्ण उद्देश्य से दायर शिकायत की जाँच पड़ताल द्वारा तय किया जाना चाहिए तथा इस बारे में किसी कार्रवाई की सिफारिश किए जाने से पूर्व इस विषय में निर्धारित प्रणाली के अनुसार जाँच की जानी चाहिए;

12. गैर अनुपालन के परिणाम:--

- (1) ऐसे संस्थान जो जानबूझकर अथवा बारंबार उन दायित्यों तथा कर्तव्यों के अनुपालन में असमर्थ बना रहता है जिन्हें कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं समाधान हेतु निर्धारित किया गया है, तो इस स्थिति में आयोग विधिवत नोटिस देकर निम्न में से किसी एक अथवा इससे अधिक बिन्दुओं पर कार्रवाई करेगा:—
 - (अ) विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 की धारा 12(बी) के अन्तर्गत की गई घोषणा जो पात्रता दिये जाने के विषय में है, उसका आहरण किया जाना;
 - (ब) आयोग द्वारा अधिनियम 1956 की धारा 2 (एफ) के अन्तर्गत अनुरक्षित सूची में से उस विश्वविद्यालय अथवा महाविद्यालय का नाम हटाना;
 - (स) संस्थान को आबंटित किसी भी अनुदान को रोक देना;
 - (द) आयोग को किसी भी सामान्य अथवा विशेष सहायता कार्यक्रमों के अन्तर्गत किसी भी सहायता को प्राप्त करने के लिए उस संस्थान को अपात्र घोषित किया जाना;
 - (ई) जन साधारण को, एवं रोजगार अथवा प्रवेश के इच्छुक भावी प्रत्याशियों को एक ऐसे नोटिस द्वारा सूचित करना जो समाचार पत्रों में प्रमुख रूप से दर्शाया गया है अथवा उपयुक्त मीडिया में दर्शाया गया है तथा आयोग की वेबसाइट पर प्रदर्शित किया गया है तथा जिस नोटिस में घोषणा की गई है कि वह संस्थान लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध शून्य सहनशीलता नीति 'मतव जवसमतंदबम चवसपबलद्ध का समर्थन नहीं करता है:
 - (एफ) यदि वह एक महाविद्यालय है तो उसके सम्बद्ध विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा उसकी सहसम्बद्धता को आहरित करने की अनुशंसा के लिये कहें;



- (जी) यदि वह एक मानित विश्वविद्यालय संस्थान है तो केन्द्र सरकार को उस मानित विश्वविद्यालय के आहरण की अनुशंसा करना;
- (एच) यदि वह किसी राज्य अधिनियम के अन्तर्गत स्थापित अथवा नियमित विश्वविद्यालय है तो उसके इस स्तर को आहरित करने के लिए उपयुक्त राज्य सरकार को सिफारिश करना;
- (आई) जैसे कि विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 के अन्तर्गत प्रावधान किया जाना हो तदनुसार अपने अधिकारों के अनुसार यथोचित रूप से ऐसी समयावधि के लिए दण्ड प्रदान कर सकता है जिस समय तक वह संस्थान इन विनियमों में निर्धारित प्रावधानों का अनुपालन नहीं करता है;
- (जं) इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत आयोग द्वारा उस समय तक कार्रवाई नहीं की जाएगी जब तक कि संस्थान को अपना पक्ष प्रस्तुत करने के लिए प्रदत्त सुअवसर के आधार पर उनकी सुनवाई कर ली गई हो;

[विज्ञापन—III/4/असा./53] जसपाल एस. संधु, सचिव, यूजीसी

MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

(University Grants Commission)

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 2nd May, 2016

University Grants Commission (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015

No. F. 91-1/2013(TFGS).—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 26 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956), read with sub-section (1) of Section 20 of the said Act, the University Grants Commission hereby makes the following regulations, namely:-

- Short title, application and commencement.—(1) These regulations may be called the University
 Grants Commission (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees
 and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015.
 - (2) They shall apply to all higher educational institutions in India.
 - (3) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
- 2. Definitions.—In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,-
- (a) "aggrieved woman" means in relation to work place, a woman of any age whether employed or not, who alleges to have been subjected to any act of sexual harassment by the respondent;
- (b) 'Act' means the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (14 of 2013);
- (c) "campus" means the location or the land on which a Higher Educational Institution and its related institutional facilities like libraries, laboratories, lecture halls, residences, halls, toilets, student centres, hostels, dining halls, stadiums, parking areas, parks-like settings and other amenities like health centres, canteens, Bank counters, etc., are situated and also includes extended campus and covers within its scope places visited as a student of the HEI including transportation provided for the purpose of commuting to and from the institution, the locations outside the institution on field trips, internships, study tours, excursions, short-term placements, places used for camps, cultural festivals, sports meets and such other activities where a person is participating in the capacity of an employee or a student of the HEI;



- (d) Commission" means the University Grants Commission established under section 4 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956);
- (e) "covered individuals" are persons who have engaged in protected activity such as filing a sexual harassment charge, or who are closely associated with an individual who has engaged in protected activity and such person can be an employee or a fellow student or guardian of the offended person;
- (f) "employee" means a person as defined in the Act and also includes, for the purposes of these Regulations trainee, apprentice (or called by any other name), interns, volunteers, teacher assistants, research assistants, whether employed or not, including those involved in field studies, projects, short-visits and camps:
- (g) "Executive Authority" means the chief executive authority of the HEI, by whatever name called, in which the general administration of the HEI is vested. For public funded institutions the Executive Authority means the Disciplinary Authority as indicated in Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965 or its equivalent rules;
- (h) "Higher Educational Institution" (HEI) means a university within the meaning of clause (j) of section 2, a college within the meaning of clause(b) of sub-section (1) of section 12A and an institution deemed to be a University under section 3 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956);
- (i) "Internal Complaints Committee" (ICC) means Internal Complaints Committee to be constituted by an HEI under sub regulation (1) of regulation 4 of these regulations. Any existing body already functioning with the same objective (like the Gender Sensitization Committee Against Sexual Harassment (GSCASH)) should be reconstituted as the ICC;
 - Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required for ICC under these regulations. Provided further that such a Body shall be bound by the provisions of these regulations;
- (j) "protected activity" includes reasonable opposition to a practice believed to violate sexual harassment laws on behalf of oneself or others such as participation in sexual harassment proceedings, cooperating with an internal investigation or alleged sexual harassment practices or acting as a witness in an investigation by an outside agency or in litigation;
- (k) "sexual harassment" means-
 - (i) "An unwanted conduct with sexual undertones if it occurs or which is persistent and which demeans, humiliates or creates a hostile and intimidating environment or is calculated to induce submission by actual or threatened adverse consequences and includes any one or more or all of the following unwelcome acts or behaviour (whether directly or by implication), namely;-
 - (a) any unwelcome physical, verbal or non verbal conduct of sexual nature;
 - (b) demand or request for sexual favours;
 - (c) making sexually coloured remarks
 - (d) physical contact and advances; or
 - (e) showing pornography"
 - (ii) any one (or more than one or all) of the following circumstances, if it occurs or is present in relation or connected with any behaviour that has explicit or implicit sexual undertones-
 - (a) implied or explicit promise of preferential treatment as quid pro quo for sexual favours;
 - (b) implied or explicit threat of detrimental treatment in the conduct of work;
 - (c) implied or explicit threat about the present or future status of the person concerned;
 - (d) creating an intimidating offensive or hostile learning environment;
 - (e) humiliating treatment likely to affect the health, safety dignity or physical integrity of the person concerned;



- (1) "student" means a person duly admitted and pursuing a programme of study either through regular mode or distance mode, including short-term training programmes in a HEI; Provided that a student who is in the process of taking admission in HEIs campus, although not yet admitted, shall be treated, for the purposes of these regulations, as a student of that HEI, where any incident of sexual harassment takes place against such student; Provided that a student who is a participant in any of the activities in a HEI other than the HEI where such student is enrolled shall be treated, for the purposes of these regulations, as a student of that HEI where any incident of sexual harassment takes place against such student;
- (m) "third Party Harassment" refers to a situation where sexual harassment occurs as a result of an act or omission by any third party or outsider, who is not an employee or a student of the HEI, but a visitor to the HEI in some other capacity or for some other purpose orreason;
- (n) "victimisation" means any unfavourable treatment meted out to a person with an implicit or explicit intention to obtain sexual favour;

(o) "workplace" means the campus of a HEI including-

- (a) Any department, organisation, undertaking, establishment, enterprise, institution, office, branch or unit which is established, owned, controlled or wholly or substantially financed by funds provided directly or indirectly by the appropriate HEIs;
- (b) Any sports institute, stadium, sports complex or competition or games venue, whether residential or not used for training, sports or other activities relating thereof in HEIs;
- (c) Any place visited by the employee or student arising out of or during the course of employment or study including transportation provided by the Executive Authority for undertaking such journey for study in HEIs.'
- Responsibilities of the Higher Educational Institution- (1) Every HEI shall,-
- (a) Wherever required, appropriately subsume the spirit of the above definitions in its policy and regulations on prevention and prohibition of sexual harassment against the employees and the students, and modify its ordinances and rules in consonance with the requirements of the Regulations;
- (b) publicly notify the provisions against sexual harassment and ensuretheir wide dissemination;
- organise training programmes or as the case may be, workshops for the officers, functionaries, faculty and students, as indicated in the SAKSHAM Report (Measures for Ensuring the Safety of Women and Programmes for Gender Sensitization on Campuses) of the Commission, to sensitize them and ensure knowledge and awareness of the rights, entitlements and responsibilities enshrined in the Act and under these regulations;
- (d) act decisively against all gender based violence perpetrated against employees and students of all sexes recognising that primarily women employees and students and some male students and students of the third gender are vulnerable to many forms of sexual harassment and humiliation and exploitation;
- (e) publicly commit itself to a zero tolerance policy towards sexual harassment;
- reinforce its commitment to creating its campus free from discrimination, harassment, retaliation or sexual assault at all levels;
- (g) create awareness about what constitutes sexual harassment including hostile environment harassment and quid pro quo harassment;
- (h) include in its prospectus and display prominently at conspicuous places or Notice Boards the penalty and consequences of sexual harassment and make all sections of the institutional community aware of the information on the mechanism put in place for redressal of complaints pertaining to sexual





harassment, contact details of members of Internal Complaints Committee, complaints procedure and so on. Any existing body already functioning with the same objective (like the Gender Sensitization Committee Against Sexual Harassment (GSCASH)) should be reconstituted as the ICC; Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required for ICC under these regulations. Provided further that such a Body shall be bound by the provisions of these regulations;

- (i) inform employees and students of the recourse available to them if they are victims of sexual harassment;
- (j) organise regular orientation or training programmes for the members of the ICC to deal with complaints, steer the process of settlement or conciliation, etc., with sensitivity;
- (k) proactively move to curb all forms of harassment of employees and students whether it is from those in a dominant power or hierarchical relationship within HEIs or owing to intimate partner violence or from peers or from elements outside of the geographical limits of the HEI;
- be responsible to bring those guilty of sexual harassment against its employees and students to book and initiate all proceedings as required by law and also put in place mechanisms and redressal systems like the ICC to curb and prevent sexual harassment on its campus;
- (m) treat sexual harassment as a misconduct under service rules and initiate action for misconduct if the perpetrator is an employee;
- (n) treat sexual harassment as a violation of the disciplinary rules (leading up to rustication and expulsion) if the perpetrator is a student;
- (o) ensure compliance with the provisions of these regulations, including appointment of ICC, within a period of sixty days from the date of publication of these regulations;
- (p) monitor the timely submission of reports by the ICC;
- (q) prepare an annual status report with details on the number of cases filed and their disposal and submit the same to the Commission.
- 3.2 **Supportive measures.**—(1) The rules, regulations or any such other instrument by which ICC shall function have to be updated and revised from time-to-time, as court judgments and other laws and rules will continue to revise the legal framework within which the Act is to be implemented.
 - (2) The Executive Authority of the HEIs must mandatorily extend full support to see that the recommendations of the ICC are implemented in a timely manner. All possible institutional resources must be given to the functioning of the ICC, including office and building infrastructure (computers, photocopiers, audio-video, equipment, etc.), staff (typists, counselling and legal services) as, well as a sufficient allocation of financial resources.
 - (3) Vulnerable groups are particularly prone to harassment and also find it more difficult to complain. Vulnerability can be socially compounded by region, class, caste, sexual orientation, minority identity and by being differently abled. Enabling committees must be sensitive to such vulnerabilities and special needs.
 - (4) Since research students and doctoral candidates are particularly vulnerable the HEIs must ensure that the guidelines for ethics for Research Supervision are put in place.
 - (5) All HEIs must conduct a regular and half yearly review of the efficacy and implementation of their anti-sexual harassment policy.



- (6) All Academic Staff Colleges (now known asHuman Resource Development Centres (HRDCs) and Regional Centres for Capacity Building (RCCBs) must incorporate sessions on gender in their orientation and refresher courses. This should be across disciplines, and preferably mainstreamed using the UGC SAKSHAM Report which provides indicative modules in this regard.
- (7) Orientation courses for administrators conducted in HEIs must have a module on gender sensitization and sexual harassment issues. Regular workshops are to be conducted for all sections of the HEI community.
- (8) Counselling services must be institutionalised in all HEIs and must have well trained full-time counsellors.
- (9) Many HEIs having large campuses have a deficit in lighting and are experienced as unsafe places by the institutional community. Adequate lighting is a necessary aspect of infrastructure and maintenance
- (10) Adequate and well trained security including a good proportion or balance of women security staff is necessary. Security staff must receive gender sensitization training as a part of conditions of appointment.
- (11) HEIs must ensure reliable public transport, especially within large campuses between different sections of the HEI, hostels, libraries, laboratories and main buildings, and especially those that do not have good access for day scholars. Lack of safety as well as harassment is exacerbated when employees and students cannot depend on safe public transport. Reliable transport may be considered by HEIs to enable employees and students to work late in libraries, laboratories and to attend programmes in the evenings.
- (12) Residential HEIs should accord priority to construction of women's hostels. For the growing population of young women wishing to access higher education, hostel accommodation is desirable in both urban and rural areas and at all levels of higher education which provides a modicum of protection from harassment of all kinds.
- (13) Concern for the safety of women students must not be cited to impose discriminatory rules for women in the hostels as compared to male students. Campus safety policies should not result in securitization, such as over monitoring or policing or curtailing the freedom of movement, especially for women employees and students.
- (14) Adequate health facilities are equally mandatory for all HEIs. In the case of women this must include gender sensitive doctors and nurses, as well as the services of a gynaecologist.
- (15) The Women's Development Cells in colleges shall be revived and funded to be able to carry out the range of activities required for gender sensitizationand remain autonomous of the functioning of anti sexual harassment committees and ICCs. At the same time they shall extend their activities to include gender sensitization programmes in consultation with ICCs and help to disseminate antisexual harassment policies on campuses on a regular basis. The 'cultural' space and the 'formal academic space' need to collaborate to render these workshops innovative, engaging and non-mechanical.
- (16) Hostel Wardens, Provosts, Principals, Vice Chancellors, Legal Officers and other functionaries must be brought within the domain of accountability through amendments in the rules or Ordinances where necessary.
- 4. Grievance redressal mechanism.—(1) Every Executive Authority shall constitute an Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) with an inbuilt mechanism for gender sensitization against sexual harassment. The ICC shall have the following composition:-



(a) A Presiding Officer who shall be a woman faculty member employed at a senior level (not below a Professor in case of a university, and not below an Associate Professor or Reader in case of a college) at the educational institution, nominated by the Executive Authority;

Provided that in case a senior level woman employee is not available, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from other offices or administrative units of the workplace referred to in sub-section 2(o);

Provided further that in case the other offices or administrative units of the workplace do not have a senior level woman employee, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from any other workplace of the same employer or other department or organization;"

- (b) two faculty members and two non-teaching employees, preferably committed to the cause of women or who have had experience in social work or have legal knowledge, nominated by the Executive Authority;
- (c) Three students, if the matter involves students, who shall be enrolled at the undergraduate, master's, and research scholar levels respectively, elected through transparent democratic procedure;
- (d) one member from amongst non-government organisations or associations committed to the cause of women or a person familiar with the issues relating to sexual harassment, nominated by the Executive Authority.
- (2) At least one-half of the total members of the ICC shall be women.
- (3) Persons in senior administrative positions in the HEI, such as Vice- Chancellor, Pro Vice-Chancellors, Rectors, Registrar, Deans, Heads of Departments, etc., shall not be members of ICCs in order to ensure autonomy of their functioning.
- (4) The term of office of the members of the ICC shall be for a period of three years. HEIs may also employ a system whereby one –third of the members of the ICC may change every year.
- (5) The Member appointed form amongst the non-governmental organizations or associations shall be paid such fees or allowances for holding the proceedings of the Internal Committee, by the Executive Authority as may be prescribed.
- (6) Where the Presiding Officer or any member of the Internal Committee:
 - (a) contravenes the provisions of section 16 of the Act; or
 - (b) has been convicted for an offence or an inquiry into an offence under any law for the time being in force is pending against him; or
 - he has been found guilty in any disciplinary proceedings or a disciplinary proceeding is pending against him; or
 - (d) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest,

such Presiding Officer or Member, as the case may be, shall be removed from the Committee and the vacancy so created or any casual vacancy shall be filled by fresh nomination in accordance with the provisions of this section."

- 5. Responsibilities of Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) The Internal Complaints Committee shall:
- provide assistance if an employee or a student chooses to file a complaint with the police;



- (b) provide mechanisms of dispute redressal and dialogue to anticipate and address issues through just and fair conciliation without undermining complainant's rights, and minimize the need for purely punitive approaches that lead to further resentment, alienation or violence;
- (c) protect the safety of the complainant by not divulging the person's identity, and provide the mandatory relief by way of sanctioned leave or relaxation of attendance requirement or transfer to another department or supervisor as required during the pendency of the complaint, or also provide for the transfer of the offender;
- (d) ensure that victims or witnesses are not victimised or discriminated against while dealing with complaints of sexual harassment; and
- (e) ensure prohibition of retaliation or adverse action against a covered individual because the employee or the student is engaged in protected activity.
- 6. The process for making complaint and conducting Inquiry The ICC shall comply with the procedure prescribed in these Regulations and the Act, for making a complaint and inquiring into the complaint in a time bound manner. The HEI shall provide all necessary facilities to the ICC to conduct the inquiry expeditiously and with required privacy
- 7. Process of making complaint of sexual harassment An aggrieved person is required to submit a written complaint to the ICC within three months from the date of the incident and in case of a series of incidents within a period of three months from the date of the last incident.

Provided that where such complaint cannot be made in writing, the Presiding Officer or any Member of the Internal Committee shall render all reasonable assistance to the person for making the complaint in writing:

Provided further that the ICC may, for the reasons to be accorded in the writing, extend the time limit not exceeding three months, if it is satisfied that the circumstances were such which prevented the person from filing a complaint within the said period."

Friends, relatives, Colleagues. Co-students, Psychologist, or any other associate of the victim may file the complaint in situations where the aggrieved person is unable to make a complaint on account of physical or mental in capacity or death.

- 8. Process of conducting Inquiry- (1) The ICC shall, upon receipt of the complaint, send one copy of the complaint to the respondent within a period of seven days of such receipt.
- (2) Upon receipt of the copy of the complaint, the respondent shall file his or her reply to the complaint along with the list of documents, and names and addresses of witnesses within a period of ten days.
- (3) The inquiry has to be completed within a period of ninety days from the receipt of the complaint. The inquiry report, with recommendations, if any, has to be submitted within ten days from the completion of the inquiry to the Executive Authority of the HEI. Copy of the findings or recommendations shall also be served on both parties to the complaint.
- (4) The Executive Authority of the HEI shall act on the recommendations of the committee within a period of thirty days from the receipt of the inquiry report, unless an appeal against the findings is filed within that time by either party.
- (5) An appeal against the findings or /recommendations of the ICC may be filed by either party before the Executive Authority of the HEI within a period of thirty days from the date of the recommendations.
- (6) If the Executive Authority of the HEI decides not to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then it shall record written reasons for the same to be conveyed to ICC and both the parties to the proceedings. If on the other hand it is decided to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then a show cause notice, answerable within ten days, shall be served on the party against whom action is decided to be taken. The Executive Authority of the HEI shall proceed only after considering the reply or hearing the aggrieved person.
- (7) The aggrieved party may seek conciliation in order to settle the matter. No monetary settlement should be made as a basis of conciliation. The HEI shall facilitate a conciliation process through ICC, as the



case may be, once it is sought. The resolution of the conflict to the full satisfaction of the aggrieved party wherever possible, is preferred to purely punitive intervention.

- (8) The identities of the aggrieved party or victim or the witness or the offender shall not be made public or kept in the public domain especially during the process of the inquiry.
- 9. Interim redressal-The HEI may,
- (a) transfer the complainant or the respondent to another section or department to minimise the risks involved in contact or interaction, if such a recommendation is made by the ICC;
- (b) grant leave to the aggrieved with full protection of status and benefits for a period up to three months;
- (c) restrain the respondent from reporting on or evaluating the work or performance or tests or examinations of the complainant;
- (d) ensure that offenders are warned to keep a distance from the aggrieved, and wherever necessary, if there is a definite threat, restrain their entry into the campus;
- (e) take strict measures to provide a conducive environment of safety and protection to the complainant against retaliation and victimisation as a consequence of making a complaint of sexual harassment.
- **10. Punishment and compensation-** (1) Anyone found guilty of sexual harassment shall be punished in accordance with the service rules of the HEI, if the offender is an employee.
- (2) Where the respondent is a student, depending upon the severity of the offence, the HEI may,-
 - (a) withhold privileges of the student such as access to the library, auditoria, halls of residence, transportation, scholarships, allowances, and identity card;
 - (b) suspend or restrict entry into the campus for a specific period;
 - expel and strike off name from the rolls of the institution, including denial of readmission, if the offence so warrants;
 - (d) award reformative punishments like mandatory counselling and, or, performance of community services.
- (3) The aggrieved person is entitled to the payment of compensation. The HEI shall issue direction for payment of the compensation recommended by the ICC and accepted by the Executive Authority, which shall be recovered from the offender. The compensation payable shall be determined on the basis of-
 - (a) mental trauma, pain, suffering and distress caused to the aggrieved person;
 - (b) the loss of career opportunity due to the incident of sexual harassment;
 - (c) the medical expenses incurred by the victim for physical, psychiatric treatment;
 - (d) the income and status of the alleged perpetrator and victim; and
 - (e) the feasibility of such payment in lump sum or in instalments.
- 11. Action against frivolous complaint.—To ensure that the provisions for the protection of employees and students from sexual harassment do not get misused, provisions against false or malicious complaints have to be made and publicised within all HEIs. If the ICC concludes that the allegations made were false, malicious or the complaint was made knowing it to be untrue, or forged or misleading information has been provided during the inquiry, the complainant shall be liable to be punished as per the provisions of subregulations (1) of regulations 10, if the complainant happens to be an employee and as per sub-regulation (2)

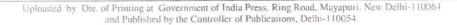


of that regulation, if the complainant happens to be a student. However, the mere inability to substantiate a complaint or provide adequate proof will not attract attention against the complainant. Malicious intent on the part of the complainant shall not be established without an inquiry, in accordance with the procedure prescribed, conducted before any action is recommended.

- 12. Consequences of non-compliance.—(1) The Commission shall, in respect of any institution that will fully contravenes or repeatedly fails to comply with the obligations and duties laid out for the prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of employees and students, take one or more of the following actions after providing due notice: -
- (a) withdrawal of declaration of fitness to receive grants under section 12B of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956.
- (b) removing the name of the university or college from the list maintained by the Commission under clause (f) of section 2 of said Act, 1956;
- (c) withholding any grant allocated to the institution;
- (d) declaring the institution ineligible for consideration for any assistance under any of the general or special assistance programmes of the Commission;
- (e) informing the general public, including potential candidates for employment or admission, through a notice displayed prominently in the newspapers or other suitable media and posted on the website of the Commission, declaring that the institution does not provide for a zero tolerance policy against sexual harassment;
- (f) recommending the affiliating university for withdrawal of affiliation, in case of a college;
- (g) recommending the Central Government for withdrawal of declaration as an institution deemed to be university, in case of an institution deemed to be university;
- (h) recommending the appropriate State Government for withdrawal of status as university in case of a university established or incorporated under a State Act.
- (i) taking such other action within its powers as it may deem fit and impose such other penalties as may be provided in the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 for such duration of time till the institution complies with the provisions of these regulations.
- (2) No action shall be taken by the Commission under these regulations unless the Institution has been given an opportunity to explain its position and an opportunity of being heard has been provided to it.

[Advt.-III/4/Exty./53]

JASPAL S. SANDHU, Secy. UGC







UNIVERSITY GRANTS COMMISSION BAHADURSHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI – 110 002

NO. F 1-16/2007 (CPP-II) April, 2009

UGC REGULATION ON CURBING THE MENACE OF RAGGING IN HIGHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, 2009

In exercise of the powers conferred by Clause (g) of Sub-Section (1) of Section 26 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956, the University Grants Commission hereby makes the following Regulations, namely -

1. Title, commencement and applicability:-

- 1.1. These regulations shall be called the "UGC Regulations on Curbing the Menace of Ragging in Higher Educational Institutions, 2009".
- 1.2. They shall come into force with immediate effect.
- 1.3. They shall apply to all the universities established or incorporated by or under a Central Act, a Provincial Act or a State Act, to all institutions deemed to be university under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956, to all other higher educational institutions, including the departments, constituent units and all the premises (academic, residential, sports, canteen, etc) of such universities, deemed universities and other higher educational institutions, whether located within the campus or outside, and to all means of transportation of students whether public or private.

2. Objective:-

To root out ragging in all its forms from universities, colleges and other educational institutions in the country by prohibiting it by law, preventing its occurrence by following the provisions of these Regulations and punishing those who indulge in ragging as provided for in these Regulations and the appropriate law in force.

3. Definitions:- For the purposes of these Regulations:-

3.1. "college" means any institution, whether known as such or by any other name, which provides for a programme of study beyond 12 years of schooling for obtaining qualification from a university and which, in accordance with the rules and regulations of such university, is recognized as competent to provide for such programme of study and present students undergoing such programme of study for the examination for the award of such qualification.

Vaagdevi College of Pharmass Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 001

Principal

- "Head of the institution" means the 'Vice-Chancellor' in case of a 3.2. university/deemed to be university, 'Principal' in case of a college, 'Director' in case of an institute.
- 3.3. "institution" means a higher educational institution (HEI), like a university, a college, an institute, etc. imparting higher education beyond 12 years of schooling leading to a degree (graduate, postgraduate and/or higher level) and/or to a university diploma. 3.4.
- "Ragging" means the following: Any conduct whether by words spoken or written or by an act which has the effect of teasing, treating or handling with rudeness any other student, indulging in rowdy or undisciplined activities which causes or is likely to cause annoyance, hardship or psychological harm or to raise fear or apprehension thereof in a fresher or a junior student or asking the students

to do any act or perform something which such student will not in the ordinary course and which has the effect of causing or generating a sense of shame or embarrassment so as to adversely affect the physique or psyche of a fresher or a junior student.

"Statutory/Regulatory body" means a body so constituted by a Central/ 3.5. State Government legislation for setting and maintaining standards in the relevant areas of higher education, such as the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE), the Bar Council of India (BCI), the Dental Council of India (DCI), the Distance Education Council (DEC), the Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR), the Indian Nursing Council (INC), the Medical Council of India (MCI), the National Council for Teacher Education (NCTE), the Pharmacy Council of India (PCI), etc. and the State Higher Education Councils.

"University" means a university established or incorporated by or under a 3.6. Central Act, a Provincial Act or a State Act, an institution deemed to be university under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956, or an institution specially empowered by an Act of Parliament to confer or grant degrees.

4. Punishable ingredients of Ragging:-

- Abetment to ragging:
- Criminal conspiracy to rag;
- Unlawful assembly and rioting while ragging;
- Public nuisance created during ragging;
- Violation of decency and morals through ragging;
- Injury to body, causing hurt or grievous hurt;
- Wrongful restraint:
- Wrongful confinement;
- Use of criminal force;
- Assault as well as sexual offences or unnatural offences;
- Extortion:
- Criminal trespass:
- Offences against property;
- Criminal intimidation;



- Attempts to commit any or all of the above mentioned offences against the victim(s);
- Physical or psychological humiliation;
- All other offences following from the definition of "Ragging".

5. Measures for prohibition of ragging at the institution level:-

5.1 The institution shall strictly observe the provisions of the Act of the Central Government and the State Governments, if any, or if enacted, considering ragging as a cognizable offence under the law on a par with rape and other atrocities against women and ill-treatment of persons belonging to the SC/ST, and prohibiting ragging in all its forms in all institutions.

5.2 Ragging in all its forms shall be totally banned in the entire institution, including its departments, constituent units, all its premises (academic, residential, sports, canteen, etc) whether located within the campus or outside and in all means of transportation of students whether public or private.

5.3 The institution shall take strict action against those found guilty of ragging and/or of abetting ragging.

6 Measures for prevention of ragging at the institution level:-

6.1 Before admissions:-

- 6.1.1 The advertisement for admissions shall clearly mention that ragging is totally banned in the institution, and anyone found guilty of ragging and/or abetting ragging is liable to be punished appropriately (for punishments, ref. section 8 below).
- 6.1.2 The brochure of admission/instruction booklet for candidates shall print in block letters these Regulations in full (including Annexures).
- 6.1.3 The 'Prospectus' and other admission related documents shall incorporate all directions of the Supreme Court and /or the Central or State Governments as applicable, so that the candidates and their parents/ guardians are sensitized in respect of the prohibition and consequences of ragging. If the institution is an affiliating university, it shall make it mandatory for the institutions under it to compulsorily incorporate such information in their 'Prospectus'.
- 6.1.4 The application form for admission/enrolment shall have a printed undertaking, preferably both in English/Hindi and in one of the regional languages known to the institution and the applicant (English version given in Annexure I, Part I), to be filled up and signed by the candidate to the effect that he/she is aware of the law regarding prohibition of ragging as well as the punishments, and to the effect that he/she has not been expelled and/or debarred from admission by any institution and that he/she, if found guilty of the offence of ragging and/or abetting ragging, is liable to be punished appropriately.



- 6.1.5 The application form shall also contain a printed undertaking, preferably both in English/Hindi and in one of the regional languages known to the institution and the parent/ guardian (English version given in Annexure I, Part II), to be signed by the parent/ guardian of the applicant to the effect that he/ she is also aware of the law in this regard and agrees to abide by the punishment meted out to his/ her ward in case the latter is found guilty of ragging and/or abetting ragging.
- 6.1.6 The application for admission shall be accompanied by a document in the form of the School Leaving Certificate/Transfer Certificate/ Migration Certificate/ Character Certificate which shall include a report on the behavioral pattern of the applicant, so that the institution can thereafter keep intense watch upon a student who has a negative entry in this regard.
- 6.1.7 A student seeking admission to the hostel shall have to submit additional undertaking in the form of Annexure I (both Parts) along with his/ her application for hostel accommodation.
- 6.1.8 At the commencement of the academic session the Head of the Institution shall convene and address a meeting of various functionaries/agencies, like Hostel Wardens, representatives of students, parents/ guardians, faculty, district administration including police, to discuss the measures to be taken to prevent ragging in the Institution and steps to be taken to identify the offenders and punish them suitably.
- 6.1.9 To make the community at large and the students in particular aware of the dehumanizing effect of ragging, and the approach of the institution towards those indulging in ragging, big posters (preferably multicolored with different colours for the provisions of law, punishments, etc.) shall be prominently displayed on all Notice Boards of all departments, hostels and other buildings as well as at vulnerable places. Some of such posters shall be of permanent nature in certain vulnerable places.
- 6.1.10 The institution shall request the media to give adequate publicity to the law prohibiting ragging and the negative aspects of ragging and the institution's resolve to ban ragging and punish those found guilty without fear or favour.
- 6.1.11 The institution shall identify, properly illuminate and man all vulnerable locations.
- 6.1.12 The institution shall tighten security in its premises, especially at the vulnerable places. If necessary, intense policing shall be resorted to at such points at odd hours during the early months of the academic session.
- 6.1.13 The institution shall utilize the vacation period before the start of the new academic year to launch wide publicity campaign against ragging through posters, leaflets. seminars, street plays, etc.
- 6.1.14 The faculties/ departments/ units of the institution shall have induction arrangements (including those which anticipate, identify



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and plan to meet any special needs of any specific section of students) in place well in advance of the beginning of the academic year with a clear sense of the main aims and objectives of the induction process.

6.2 On admission:-

- 6.2.1 Every fresh student admitted to the institution shall be given a printed leaflet detailing when and to whom he/she has to turn to for help and guidance for various purposes (including Wardens, Head of the institution, members of the anti-ragging committees, relevant district and police authorities), addresses and telephone numbers of such persons/authorities, etc., so that the fresher need not look up to the seniors for help in such matters and get indebted to them and start doing things, right or wrong, at their behest. Such a step will reduce the freshers' dependence on their seniors.
- 6.2.2 The institution through the leaflet mentioned above shall explain to the new entrants the arrangements for their induction and orientation which promote efficient and effective means of integrating them fully as students.
- 6.2.3 The leaflet mentioned above shall also inform the freshers about their rights as bona fide students of the institution and clearly instructing them that they should desist from doing anything against their will even if ordered by the seniors, and that they have nothing to fear as the institution cares for them and shall not tolerate any atrocities against them.
- 6.2.4 The leaflet mentioned above shall contain a calendar of events and activities laid down by the institution to facilitate and complement familiarization of freshers with the academic environment of the institution.
- 6.2.5 The institution shall also organize joint sensitization programmes of 'freshers' and seniors.
- 6.2.6 Freshers shall be encouraged to report incidents of ragging, either as victims, or even as witnesses.

6.3 At the end of the academic year:-

- 6.3.1 At the end of every academic year the Vice-Chancellor/ Dean of Students Welfare/ Director/ Principal shall send a letter to the parents/ guardians of the students who are completing the first year informing them about the law regarding ragging and the punishments, and appealing to them to impress upon their wards to desist from indulging in ragging when they come back at the beginning of the next academic session.
- 6.3.2 At the end of every academic year the institution shall form a 'Mentoring Cell' consisting of Mentors for the succeeding academic year. There shall be as many levels or tiers of Mentors as

the number of batches in the institution, at the rate of 1 Mentor for 6 freshers and 1 Mentor of a higher level for 6 Mentors of the lower level.

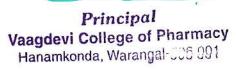
6.4 Setting up of Committees and their functions:-

- 6.4.1 The Anti-Ragging Committee:- The Anti-Ragging Committee shall be headed by the Head of the institution and shall consist of representatives of faculty members, parents, students belonging to the freshers' category as well as seniors and non-teaching staff. It shall monitor the anti-ragging activities in the institution, consider the recommendations of the Anti-Ragging Squad and take appropriate decisions, including spelling out suitable punishments to those found guilty.
- 6.4.2 The Anti-Ragging Squad:- The Anti-Ragging Squad shall be nominated by the Head of the institution with such representation as considered necessary and shall consist of members belonging to the various sections of the campus community. The Squad shall have vigil, oversight and patrolling functions. It shall be kept mobile, alert and active at all times and shall be empowered to inspect places of potential ragging and make surprise raids on hostels and other hot spots. The Squad shall investigate incidents of ragging and make recommendations to the Anti-Ragging Committee and shall work under the overall guidance of the said Committee.
- Monitoring Cell on Ragging:- If the institution is an affiliating 6.4.3 university, it shall have a Monitoring Cell on Ragging to coordinate with the institutions affiliated to it by calling for reports from the Heads of such institutions regarding the activities of the Anti-Ragging Committees, Squads, and Mentoring Cells, regarding compliance with the instructions on conducting orientation programmes, counseling sessions, etc., and regarding the incidents of ragging, the problems faced by wardens and other officials, etc. This Cell shall also review the efforts made by such institutions to publicize anti-ragging measures, cross-verify the receipt of undertakings from candidates/students and their parents/guardians every year, and shall be the prime mover for initiating action by the university authorities to suitably amend the Statutes or Ordinances or Bye-laws to facilitate the implementation of anti ragging measures at the level of the institution.

6.5 Other measures:-

6.5.1 The Annexures mentioned in sub-clauses 6.1.4, 6.1.5 and 6.1.7 of these Regulations shall be furnished at the beginning of each academic year by every student, that is, by freshers as well as senior solutions.

- 6.5.2 The institution shall arrange for regular and periodic psychological counseling and orientation for students (for freshers separately, as well as jointly with seniors) by professional counselors during the first three months of the new academic year. This shall be done at the institution and department/ course levels. Parents and teachers shall also be involved in such sessions.
- 6.5.3 Apart from placing posters mentioned in sub-clause 6.1.9 above at strategic places, the institution shall undertake measures for extensive publicity against ragging by means of audio-visual aids, by holding counseling sessions, workshops, painting and design competitions among students and other methods as it deems fit.
- 6.5.4 If the institution has B.Ed. and other Teacher training programmes, these courses shall be mandated to provide for anti-ragging and the relevant human rights appreciation inputs, as well as topics on sensitization against corporal punishments and checking of bullying amongst students, so that every teacher is equipped to handle at least the rudiments of the counseling approach.
- 6.5.5 Wardens shall be appointed as per the eligibility criteria laid down for the post reflecting both the command and control aspects of maintaining discipline, as well as the softer skills of counseling and communicating with the youth outside the class-room situations. Wardens shall be accessible at all hours and shall be provided with mobile phones. The institution shall review and suitably enhance the powers and perquisites of Wardens and authorities involved in curbing the menace of ragging.
- 6.5.6 The security personnel posted in hostels shall be under the direct control of the Wardens and assessed by them.
- 6.5.7 Private commercially managed lodges and hostels shall be registered with the local police authorities, and this shall be done necessarily on the recommendation of the Head of the institution. Local police, local administration and the institutional authorities shall ensure vigil on incidents that may come within the definition of ragging and shall be responsible for action in the event of ragging in such premises, just as they would be for incidents within the campus. Managements of such private hostels shall be responsible for not reporting cases of ragging in their premises.
- 6.5.8 The Head of the institution shall take immediate action on receipt of the recommendations of the Anti-Ragging Squad. He/ She shall also take action suo motto if the circumstances so warrant.
- 6.5.9 Freshers who do not report the incidents of ragging either as victims or as witnesses shall also be punished suitably.
- 6.5.10 Anonymous random surveys shall be conducted across the 1st year batch of freshers every fortnight during the first three months of the academic year to verify and cross-check whether the campus is indeed free of ragging or not. The institution may design its own methodology of conducting such surveys.

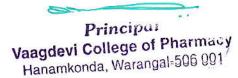


- 6.5.11 The burden of proof shall lie on the perpetrator of ragging and not on the victim.
- 6.5.12 The institution shall file an FIR with the police / local authorities whenever a case of ragging is reported, but continue with its own enquiry and other measures without waiting for action on the part of the police/ local authorities. Remedial action shall be initiated and completed within the one week of the incident itself.
- 6.5.13 The Migration / Transfer Certificate issued to the student by the institution shall have an entry, apart from those relating to general conduct and behaviour, whether the student has been punished for the offence of committing or abetting ragging, or not, as also whether the student has displayed persistent violent or aggressive behaviour or any inclination to harm others.
- 6.5.14 Preventing or acting against ragging shall be the collective responsibility of all levels and sections of authorities or functionaries in the institution, including faculty, and not merely that of the specific body/ committee constituted for prevention of ragging.
- 6.5.15 The Heads of institutions other than universities shall submit weekly reports to the Vice-chancellor of the university the institution is affiliated to or recognized by, during the first three months of new academic year and thereafter each month on the status of compliance with anti-ragging measures. The Vice Chancellor of each university shall submit fortnightly reports of the university, including those of the Monitoring Cell on Ragging in case of an affiliating university, to the Chancellor.
- 6.5.16 Access to mobile phones and public phones shall be unrestricted in hostels and campuses, except in class-rooms, seminar halls, library etc. where jammers shall be installed to restrict the use of mobile phones.

6.6 Measures for encouraging healthy interaction between freshers and seniors:-

- 6.6.1 The institution shall set up appropriate committees including the course-in-charge, student advisor, Warden and some senior students to actively monitor, promote and regulate healthy interaction between the freshers and senior students.
- 6.6.2 Freshers' welcome parties shall be organized in each department by the senior students and the faculty together soon after admissions, preferably within the first two weeks of the beginning of the academic session, for proper introduction to one another and where the talents of the freshers are brought out properly in the presence of the faculty, thus helping them to shed their inferiority complex, if any, and remove their inhibitions.
- 6.6.3 The institution shall enhance the student-faculty interaction by involving the students in all matters of the institution, except those relating to the actual processes of evaluation and of faculty appointments, so that the students shall feel that they are responsible partners in managing the





affairs of the institution and consequently the credit due to the institution for good work/ performance is due to them as well.

7. Measures at the UGC/ Statutory/ Regulatory body level:-

7.1 Regulatory measures:-

The UGC and other Statutory /Regulatory bodies shall make it mandatory for the institutions to compulsorily incorporate in their 'Prospectus' the directions of the Supreme Court and/or the Central or State Governments with regard to prohibition and consequences of ragging, and that non-compliance with the directives against ragging in any manner whatsoever shall be considered as lowering of academic standards by the erring institution making it liable for appropriate action.

The UGC (including NAAC and UGC Expert Committees visiting 7.1.2 institutions for various purposes) and similar Committees of other Statutory/Regulatory bodies shall cross-verify that the institutions strictly comply with the requirement of getting the undertakings from the students and their parents/ guardians as envisaged under

these Regulations.

The UGC and other funding bodies shall make it one of the 7.1.3 conditions in the Utilization Certificate for sanctioning any financial assistance or aid to the institution under any of the general or special schemes that the institution has strictly complied with the anti-ragging measures and has a blemish-less record in terms of there being no incidents of ragging during the period pertaining to the Utilization Certificate.

The NAAC and other accrediting bodies shall factor in any 7.1.4 incident of ragging in the institution while assessing the institution

in different grades.

7.2 Incentives for curbing ragging:-

- The UGC shall consider providing special/ additional annual 7.2.1 financial grants-in-aid to those eligible institutions which report a blemish-less record in terms of there being no incidents of ragging.
- The UGC shall also consider instituting another category of financial awards or incentives for those eligible institutions which take stringent action against those responsible for incidents of ragging.

The UGC shall lay down the necessary incentive for the post of 7.2.3 Warden in order to attract the right type of eligible candidates, and motivate the incumbents.

7.3 Monitoring mechanism to ensure compliance:-



Apart from the monitoring mechanism built in under different sub-clauses of these Regulations, there shall also be the following monitoring mechanism:

- 7.3.1 The UGC shall constitute an Inter-Council Committee for prevention of Ragging consisting of representatives of the AICTE, the IITs, the NITs, the IIMs, the MCI, the DCI, the NCI, the ICAR and such other bodies which have to deal with higher education to coordinate and monitor the anti-ragging movement across the country and to make certain policy decisions. The said Committee shall meet at least twice a year in the normal course.
- 7.3.2 The UGC shall also have an Anti-Ragging Cell within the Commission as an institutional mechanism to provide secretarial support for collection of information and monitoring, and to coordinate with the State level and university level Committees for effective implementation of anti-ragging measures.

8 Punishments:-

8.1 At the institution level:-

Depending upon the nature and gravity of the offence as established by the Anti-Ragging Committee of the institution, the possible punishments for those found guilty of ragging at the institution level shall be any one or any combination of the following:

- 8.1.1 Suspension from attending classes and academic privileges
- 8.1.2 Withholding/ withdrawing scholarship/ fellowship and other benefits
- 8.1.3 Debarring from appearing in any test/ examination or other evaluation process
- 8.1.4 Withholding results
- 8.1.5 Debarring from representing the institution in any regional, national or international meet, tournament, youth festival, etc.
- 8.1.6 Suspension/ expulsion from the hostel
- 8.1.7 Cancellation of admission
- 8.1.8 Rustication from the institution for period ranging from 1 to 4 semesters
- 8.1.9 Expulsion from the institution and consequent debarring from admission to any other institution for a specified period
- 8.1.10 Fine ranging between Rupees 25,000/- and Rupees 1 lakh
- 8.1.11 Collective punishment: When the persons committing or abetting the crime of ragging are not identified, the institution shall resort to collective punishment.

8.2 At the university level in respect of institutions under it:-

If an institution under a university (being constituent of, affiliated to or recognized by it) fails to comply with any of the provisions of these Regulations





and fails to curb ragging effectively, the university may impose any one or any combination of the following penalties on it:

8.2.1 Withdrawal of affiliation/recognition or other privileges conferred on it

- 8.2.2 Prohibiting such institution from presenting any students then undergoing any programme of study therein for the award of any degree/diploma of the university
- 8.2.3 Withholding grants allocated to it by the university, if any
- 8.2.4 Withholding any grants chanellised through the university to the institution
- 8.2.5 Any other appropriate penalty within the powers of the university.

8.3 At the appointing authority level:-

The authorities of the institution, particularly the Head of the institution, shall be responsible to ensure that no incident of ragging takes place in the institution. In case any incident of ragging takes place, the Head shall take prompt and appropriate action against the person(s) whose dereliction of duty lead to the incident. The authority designated to appoint the Head shall, in its turn, take prompt and appropriate action against the Head.

8.4 At the UGC/Statutory/Regulatory body level:-

If an institution fails to curb ragging, the UGC/Statutory/Regulatory body concerned may impose any one or any combination of the following penalties on it:

- 8.4.1 Delisting the institution from section 12B of the UGC Act or any similar provision in the Act of the Statutory/Regulatory body concerned
- 8.4.2 Withholding any grants allocated to it
- 8.4.3 Declaring the institution ineligible for consideration for any assistance under any of the general or special assistance programmes of the UGC/Statutory/ Regulatory body concerned
- 8.4.4 Declaring that the institution does not have the minimum academic standards and warning the potential candidates for admission accordingly through public notice and posting on the UGC Website/ Website of the Statutory/Regulatory body concerned.
- 8.4.5 Taking such other action within its powers as it may deem fit and impose such other penalties as provided till such time as the institution achieves the objective of curbing ragging.
- 8.4.6 Collaborating with one another to work out other possible deterrents.



ANNEXURE I, Part I

UNDERTAKING BY THE CANDIDATE/STUDENT

1.					
	STo. D/o. of Mr./Mrs./Ms. Chevva Mondaiah				
	have carefully read and fully understood the law prohibiting ragging and the				
	directions of the Supreme Court and the Central/State Government in this regard.				

Principal
Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy
Hanamkonda, Warangal-596 001

12

- 2. I have received a copy of the UGC Regulations on Curbing the Menace of Ragging in Higher Educational Institutions, 2009, and have carefully gone through it.
- 3. I hereby undertake that
 - I will not indulge in any behavior or act that may come under the definition of ragging,
 - I will not participate in or abet or propagate ragging in any form,
 - I will not hurt anyone physically or psychologically or cause any other harm.
- I hereby agree that if found guilty of any aspect of ragging, I may be punished as per the provisions of the UGC Regulations mentioned above and/or as per the law in force.
- 5. I hereby affirm that I have not been expelled or debarred from admission by any institution.

Signed this	5th	day of	September month of	2019	year
Signed this	574	day of	September month of	2019	

ch. AShok Signature

Name: Ch. Ashok

Address: 14.No: 5-6-293

Bhavani Nagaer Hanamkonda

ANNEXURE I, Part II

UNDERTAKING BY PARENT/GUARDIAN

1. I, ____Ch. Mondaiah

F/o. M/o. G/o_____Ch. Ashok

have carefully read and fully understood the law prohibiting ragging and the directions of the Supreme Court and the Central/State Government in this



regard as well as the UGC Regulations on Curbing the Menace of Ragging in Higher Educational Institutions, 2009.

I assure you that my son/ daughter/ ward will not indulge in any act of ragging.

3. I hereby agree that if he/she is found guilty of any aspect of ragging, he/she may be punished as per the provisions of the UGC Regulations mentioned above and/or as per the law in force.

Signed this _____ day of <u>September</u> amonth of <u>2019</u> Year

Signature our

Name: Ch. Mondaigh

Address: 4.No: 5-6-293

Bhavani Nagalz Hanamkonda

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College of Pharmagar, Hansul



असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

भाग III—खण्ड 4

PART III-Section 4

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

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नई दिल्ली, सोमवार, मई 2, 2016/वैशाख 12, 1938

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NEW DELHI, MONDAY, MAY 2, 2016/ VAISAKHA 12, 1938

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्रालय

(विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग)

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 2 मई, 2016

विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग (उच्च्तर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में महिला कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं इसमें सुधार) विनियम 2015

मि. सं. 91–1/2013 (टी. एफ. जी. एस.—विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 3) जिसे उक्त अधिनियम के अनुच्छेद 20 के उप—अनुच्छेद (1) से संयुक्त रूप से पढ़ा जाए उस अधिनियम 26 के अनुच्छेद (1) की धारा (जी) द्वारा प्रदत्त अधिकारों के क्रियान्वयन अनुसार विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग एतद्द्वारा निम्न विनियम निर्मित कर रहा है, नामतः :--

- 1. लघु शीर्ष, अनुप्रयोग एवं समारम्म:— (1) ये विनियम विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग (उच्च्तर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में महिला कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं इसमें सुधार) विनियम, 2015 कहलाएंगे।
 - (2) ये विनियम भारत वर्ष में सभी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों पर लागृ होंगे।
 - (3) सरकारी राजपत्र में उनके प्रकाशन की तिथि से वे लागू माने जाएँगे।
- 2. परिभाषाएँ:- इन विनियमों में-बशर्ते विषयवस्तु के अन्तर्गत कुछ अन्यथा जरुरी है:-
- (अ) 'पीड़ित महिला'' से अर्थ है किसी भी आयु वर्ग की एक ऐसी महिला—चाहे वह रोज़गार में है या नहीं, किसी कार्य रथल में कथित तौर से प्रतिवादी द्वारा कोई लैंगिक प्रताड़ना के कार्य का शिकार बनी है;
- (ब) ''अधिनियम'' से अर्थ है कार्य स्थल में महिलाओं का लैंगिक उत्पीड़न (निराकरण, निषेध एवं समाधान) अधिनियम, 2013 (2013 का 14);
- (स) "परिसर" का अर्थ उस स्थान अथवा भूमि से है जहाँ पर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान तथा इसकी संबद्ध संस्थागत सुविधाएँ जैसे पुस्तकालय, प्रयोगशालाएँ, लेक्चर हॉल, आवास, हॉल, शौचालय, छात्र केन्द्र, छात्रावास, भोजन कक्षों, स्टेडियम, वाहन पड़ाव स्थल, उपवनों जैसे स्थल तथा अन्य कुछ सुविधाएँ जैसे स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र, कैन्टीन, बैंक पटल इत्यादि स्थित हैं तथा जिसमें छात्रों द्वारा उच्चशिक्षा के छात्र के रूप में दौरा किया जाता हो—जिस में वह परिवहन शामिल है जो उन्हें उस संस्थान से आने जाने के लिए, उस संस्थान के अलावा क्षेत्रीय भ्रमण हेत्

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dege of Pharmacy and Pharmacy a

Principal
Principal

Vaagdevi College of Pharm Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 00 i

संस्थान पर, अध्ययनों, अध्ययन भ्रमण, सैर—सपाटे के लिए, लघु—अविध वाली नियुवितयों के लिए, शिविरों के लिए उपयोग किए जा रहे स्थानों, सांस्कृतिक समारोहों, खेलकूद आयोजनों एवं ऐसी ही अन्य गतिविधियों जिनमें कोई व्यक्ति एक कर्मचारी अथवा उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के एक छात्र के रुप में भाग ले रहा है—यह समस्त उस परिसर में सम्मिलित हैं:

- (डी) "आयोग" का अर्थ है विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग जो विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 3) के अनुच्छेद 4 के अन्तर्गत स्थापित हैं;
- (ई) "आवृत्त व्यक्तियों" से अर्थ उन व्यक्तियों से है जो एक सुराक्षित गतिविधि में कार्यरत है जैसे कि किसी लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की शिकायत को दायर करना—अथवा वे ऐसे किसी व्यक्ति से घनिष्ठ रूप से सम्बद्ध हैं जो सुरक्षित नितिविधि में कार्यरत है तथा ऐसा व्यक्ति एक कर्मचारी हो सकता है अथवा उस पीड़ित व्यक्ति का एक कर्मचारी हो सकता है अथवा एक साथी छात्र अथवा अभिभावक हो सकता है;
- (एफ) "कर्मचारी" का अर्थ, उस व्यक्ति से है जिसे अधिनियम में परिभाषित किया गया है तथा इसमें इन विनियमों की दृष्टि से प्रशिक्षार्थी, शिक्षार्थी अथवा वे अन्य जिस नाम से भी जाने जाते हैं। आन्तरिक अध्ययन में लगे छात्र, स्वयंरोवक, अध्यापन—सहायक शोध—सहायक चाहे वे रोजगार में है अथवा नहीं, तथा क्षेत्रीय अध्ययन में, परियोजनाओं लघु—स्तर के भ्रमण अथवा शिविरों में कार्यरत व्यक्तियों से है;
- (जी) "कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी" से अर्थ है उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के प्रमुख कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी, चाहे जिस नाम से वे जाने जाते हों— तथा जिस संस्थान में उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का सामान्य प्रशासन सम्मिलित है। सार्वजिनक रूप से निधि प्राप्त संस्थानों के लिए, कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी से अर्थ है अनुशासनात्मक प्राधिकारी जैसा कि केन्द्रीय नागरिक सेवार्थे (वर्गीकरण, नियन्त्रण एवं अपील) नियम तथा इसके समतुल्य नियमों में दर्शाया गया है;
- (एच) "उच्चार शैक्षिक संस्थान" (एचई.आई.) से अर्थ है—एक विश्वविद्यालय जो अनुच्छेद 2 की धारा (जे) के अन्तर्गत अर्थों के अनुसार है. ऐसा एक महाविद्यालय जो अनुच्छेद 12 (ए) के उप—अनुच्छेद (1) की धारा (बी) के अर्थ के अनुसार है तथा एक ऐसा संस्थान जो मानित विश्वविद्यालय के रूप में विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 3) के अनुच्छेद 3 के अन्तर्गत है;
- (आई) "आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति" (आई.सी.सी.) (इन्टरनल कम्प्लेन्ट्स कमिटि) से अर्थ है इन विनियमों के विनियम 4 के उप—विनियम (1) के अर्थ के अनुसार उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान द्वारा गठित की जाने वाली आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति से है। यदि पहले से ही समान उद्देश्य वाला कोई निकाय सिक्रिय हैं, (जैसे कि लैंगिक संवेदीकरण समिति जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी विवाद देखेगी (जी.एस.सी.ए.एस.एच.) ऐसे निकाय को आन्तरिक शिकयत समिति (आइसीसी) के रूप में पुनर्गठित किया जाना चाहिए;
 - बशर्त, बाद वाले मामले में उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान ऐसा सुनिश्चित करेगा कि इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र के लिए ऐसे एक निकाय का गठन आवश्यक है। बशर्त कि ऐसा निकाय इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों द्वारा बाध्य होगा:
- (जं) 'संरंक्षित गतिविधि'' में ऐसी एक परम्परा, के प्रति तर्कपूर्ण विरोध शामिल है, जिसके बारे में ऐसा माना जाता है कि अपनी तरफ से अथवा कुछ दूसरे लोगों की तरफ से लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी कानूनों का उल्लंघन उस परम्परा के माध्यम से किया जा रहा है— जैसे कि लैंगिक उत्पीड़न मामलों की कार्रवाई में भागीदारी करना, किसी भी आन्तरिक जांच पड़ताल में अथवा कथित लैंगिक उत्पीड़न कामों में सहयोग करना अथवा किसी बाहरी एजेन्सी द्वारा की जा रही जांच पड़ताल में अथवा किसी मुकदमें में बतौर गवाह मौजूद रहना;

(के) "लैंगिक उत्पीडन" का अर्थ है-

- (i) ऐसा एक अनचाहा आचरण जिसमें छिपे रूप में लैंगिक भावनाएँ जो प्रत्यक्ष भी हो जाती हैं अथवा जो भावनाएँ अत्यन्त मजबूत होती, नीचतायुक्त होती हैं, अपमानजनक होती हैं अथवा एक प्रतिकूल और धमकी भरा वातावरण पैदा करती हैं अथवा वास्तविक अथवा धमकी भरे परिणामों द्वारा अधीनता की ओर प्रेरित करने वाली होती हैं तथा ऐसी भावनाओं में निम्नितिखित अवांछित काम या व्यवहारों में कोई भी एक या उससे अधिक या ये समस्त व्यवहार शामिल हैं (चाहे सीधे तौर से या छिपे तौर से) नामत:—
 - (अ) लैंगिक भावना से युक्त कोई भी अप्रिय शारीरिक, मौखिक अथवा गैर मौखिक के अतिरिक्त कोई आचरण
 - (ब) लैंगिक अनुग्रह या अनुरोध करना
 - (स) लेंगिकतायुक्त टिप्पणी करना



- (ड़) शारीरिक रूप से संबंध बनाना अथवा पास बने रहने की कोशिश करना
- (ई) अश्लील साहित्य दिखाना
- (ii) निम्न परिस्थितियों में से किसी एक में (अथवा इससे अधिक एक या सभी में) यदि ऐसा पाया जाता है अथवा वह ऐसे किसी बर्ताव के बारे में है या उससे संबंधित है जिसमें व्यापक रूप से या छिपे रूप में लैंगिक संकेत छिपे हैं—
 - (अ) छिपे तौर से या प्रत्यक्ष रूप से अधिमान्य व्यवहार देने का वायदा जो लैंगिक समर्थन के एवज में हैं;
 - (ब) कार्य के निष्पादन में छिपे रूप से या सीधे तौर से रुकावट डालने की धमकी;
 - (स) संबद्ध व्यक्ति के वर्तमान अथवा उसके भविष्य के प्रति छिपे तौर से या सीधे तौर से धमकी देकर;
 - (द) एक दहशत भरा हिंसात्मक या द्वेषपूर्ण वातावरण पैदा करके;
 - (ई) ऐसा व्यवहार करना जो कि संबद्ध व्यक्ति के स्वास्थ्य उसकी सुरक्षा, प्रतिष्ठा अथवा उसकी शारीरिक दृढ़ता को दुष्प्रभावित करने वाला है;
- (एल) "छात्र" शब्द का अर्थ उस व्यक्ति के लिए है जिसे विधिवत प्रवेश मिला हुआ है, जो नियमित रूप से या दूर शिक्षा विधि से एक उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान में, एक अध्ययन पाठ्यक्रम का अनुसरण कर रहा है जिसमें लघु अविध प्रशिक्षण पाठ्यक्रम भी शामिल हः

बशर्ते, ऐसे किसी छात्र के साथ यदि कोई लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना होती है जो उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान परिसर में प्रवेश पाने की प्रक्रिया में है— यद्यपि वह प्रवेश प्राप्त नहीं हुआ है तो इन विनियमों के आधार पर उस छात्र को उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान का छात्र माना जाएगाः

बशर्ते एक ऐसा छात्र जो किसी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान में प्रवेश प्राप्त है तथा उस संस्थान में भागीदार है और उस छात्र के प्रति कोई लैंगिक उत्पीड़न होता है तो उसे उस उच्च संस्थान का छात्र माना जाएगा;

- (एम) ''किसी तीसरे व्यक्ति द्वारा उत्पीड़न'' उस स्थिति को दर्शाता है जब लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना किसी तीसरे व्यक्ति द्वारा या किसी बाहर के आदमी द्वारा की गई हो जो ना तो उस उच्च शैक्षिक संस्थान का कर्मचारी अथवा उसका छात्र है—बिल्क उस संस्थान में एक आगन्तुक है जो अपने अन्य किसी काम या उद्देश्य से आया हुआ है;
- (एन) "उत्पीड़न" का अर्थ है किसी व्यक्ति से नकारात्मक व्यवहार जिसमें छिपे तौर से या सीधै तौर से लैंगिक दुर्भावना की नीयत छिपी होती है;
- (ओ) "कार्यस्थल" का अर्थ है उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का परिसर जिसमें शामिल हैं:
 - (अ) कोई विभाग, संगठन, उपक्रम, प्रतिष्ठान, उद्योग, संस्थान, कार्यालय, शाखा अथवा एकांश जो उपयुक्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान द्वारा पूरी तरह अथवा पर्याप्त रूप से उपलब्ध निधि द्वारा सीधे तौर से अथवा अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से स्थापित, स्वामित्व वाले या उससे नियन्त्रित हैं;
 - (ब) ऐसा कोई खेलकूद संस्थान, स्टेडियम, खेल परिसर या प्रतियोगिता या खेलकूद क्षेत्र चाहे वह आवासीय है या नहीं या उसे उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान की प्रशिक्षण, खेलकूद अथवा अन्य गतिविधियों के लिए उपयोग नहीं किया जा रहा है:
 - (स) ऐसा कोई स्थान जिसमें कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र अपने रोजगार के दौरान या अध्ययन के दौरान आते रहते हैं तथा जिस गतिविधि में यातायात शामिल है जिसे कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी ने ऐसे भ्रमण के लिए उपलब्ध कराया है जो उस उच्च शैक्षिक संस्थान में अध्ययन के लिए हैं।
- 3. उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के दायित्व-(1) प्रत्येक उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान)
- (अ) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण एवं निषेध संबंधी अपनी नीति एवं विनियमों में उपरोक्त परिभाषाओं की भावना को यथा आवश्यक उपयुक्त रूप में सम्मिलित करें तथा इन विनियमों की आवश्यकता अनुसार अपने अध्यादेशों एवं नियमों को संशोधित करना;
- (ब) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध प्रावधानों को अधिसूचित करना तथा उनके विस्तृत प्रचार-प्रसार को सुनिश्चित करना;



- (स) जैसा कि आयोग की "सक्षम" (परिसरों में महिलाओं की सुरक्षा एवं लैंगिक संवेदीकरण कार्यक्रम) रिपोर्ट में दर्शाया गया है, प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम अथवा कार्यशाला, अधिकारियों, कार्यपालकों, संकाय सदस्यों एवं छात्रों के लिए उन्हें सभी को सुग्राही बनाना तथा इस अधिनियम एवं इन विनियमों में स्थापित अधिकारों, पात्रताओं एवं दायित्वों की जानकारी उन्हें सुनिश्चित कराना तथा उनके प्रति उन्हें जागरूक बनाना;
- (द) इस बात को पहचानते हुए कि प्राथमिक रूप से महिला कर्मचारी तथा छात्राओं एवं कुछ छात्र तथा तीसरे लिंग वाले छात्र कई प्रकार के लैंगिक उत्पीड़न, अपमान एवं शोषण के अन्तर्गत संवेदनशील हैं, तदनुसार सभी लिंगों के कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति सुनियोजित समस्त लिंग आधारित हिंसा के विरुद्ध निर्णयात्मक रूप से सक्रिय बनना :
- (ई) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के प्रति शून्य स्तर सहन संबंधी नीति की सार्वजनिक प्रतिबद्धता रखना;
- (एफ) सभी स्तरों पर अपने परिसर को, भेदभाव, उत्पीड़न, प्रतिशोध अथवा लैंगिक आक्रमणों से मुक्त बनाने की प्रतिबद्धता की पुनः पुष्टि करना;
- (जी) इस विषय में जागरूकता पैदा करना कि लेंगिक उत्पीड़न में क्या शामिल है— तथा इसके साथ ही हिंसापूर्ण वातावरण उत्पीड़न एवं प्रतिकर उत्पीड़न इन विषयों में जागरूकता पैदा करना;
- (एच) अपनी विवरणिका में सम्मिलित करना और महत्वपूर्ण स्थलों पर, विशिष्ट स्थानों पर या नोटिस बोर्ड पर लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के दण्ड एवं परिणामों को दर्शाया जाना तथा संस्थान के सभी समुदायों के वर्गों को इस तन्त्र की सूचना के प्रति जागरूक करना जो तन्त्र लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी शिकायतों के समाधान के लिए बनाया गया है तथा इसके बारे में आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों का विवरण, उनसे संपर्क साधना, शिकायत के बारे में विधि आदि के बारे में बताना यदि कोई मौजूदा निकाय पहले से ही उसी लक्ष्य के साथ सिक्रय है (जैसे कि लैंगिक संवेदीकरण सिति जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध है, ऐसे जेन्डर सेन्सीटाइजेशन किमटि अगेंस्ट सैक्सुअल झासमेंन्ट—जी.एस.सी. ए.एस.एच निकाय को आन्तरिक शिकायत सिति) (इण्टरनल कम्प्लेन्टस किमटि—आई.सी.सी) के समान ही पुनर्गठित करना:

बशर्ते, बाद में दर्शाये गए मामले में उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान सुनिश्चित करेंगे कि इस प्रकार के निकाय का गठन आई.सी.सी. के लिए आवश्यक सिद्धान्तों के आधार पर इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत किया गया है। ऐसा कोई भी निकाय इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों के द्वारा बाध्य होगा;

- (आई) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों को उपलब्ध आश्रय के बारे में बताना, यदि वे लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के शिकार हुए हैं;
- (जे) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के सदस्यों द्वारा शिकायतों के निपटान, समाधान अथवा समझौते आदि की प्रक्रिया का संचालन संवेदनशील रूप से करने के लिए, नियमित अभिमुखी अथवा प्रशिक्षण कार्यक्रम संचालित करना;
- (कें) कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के सभी प्रकार के उत्पीड़न के निराकरण हेतु सक्रिय रूप से गतिशील बनाना चाहें वह उत्पीड़न किसी प्रबल अधिकारी अथवा उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान में स्थित पदानुक्रम संबंधों के आधार पर है। अथवा किसी घनिष्ठ भागीदार की हिंसा संबंधी हो अथवा समकक्षों से अथवा उस उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान की भौगोलिक सीमाओं से बाहर किन्हीं तत्वों के कारण हो;
- (एल) उसके कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति किए गए लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के लिए दोषी जो लोग हैं उन्हें दण्डित करना तथा विधि द्वारा मान्य कानून के अनुसार समस्त कार्यवाही करना तथा परिसर में लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण एवं अवरोध हेतु तन्त्रों एवं समाधान प्रणाली को यथारिथति बनाना;
- (एम) यदि उस दुराचार का षड़यंत्र**कारी वहाँ का कर्मचारी है तो सेवा नियमों के अन्तर्गत लैंगिक** उत्पीड़न को एक दुराचार के रूप में मानना;
- (एन) यदि अपराधकर्ता कोई छात्र **है तो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न को अनुशासनात्क नियमों (जो बहिष्कार** एवं बहिष्करण तक हो सकता है) के उल्लंघन के रूप में देखना;
- (ओ) इन विनियमों के प्रकाशन की तिथि से लेकर 60 दिनों की अवधि में इन विनियमों के प्रावधानों का अनुपालन सुनिश्चित किया जाना, जिनमें आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति की नियुक्ति शामिल है;
- (पी) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा की गई रिपोर्टों का समयबद्ध रूप से प्रस्तुतीकरण;
- (क्यू) एक वार्षिक रिधित रिपोर्ट जिसमें दायर मामलों का, उनके निपटान का विवरण हो, वह तैयार करना तथा इसे आयोग को प्रस्तुत करना;
- 3.2 समर्थन करने वाली गतिविधियाँ-
 - (1) जिन नियमों, विनियमों अथवा अन्य इसी प्रकार के माध्यम जिनके द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र (आई.सी.सी.) प्रकार्य करेगा, उन्हें अद्यतन किया जाएगा तथा उन्हें समय—समय पर संशोधित किया



- जाएगा—क्योंकि न्यायालय के निर्णय एवं अन्य कानून तथा नियमों द्वारा उस कानूनी ढाँचे में लगातार संशोधन होता रहेगा जिनके अनुसार अधिनियम लागू किया जाना है;
- (2) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों का कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा अधिदेशात्मक रूप से पूरा समर्थन किया जाना चाहिए तथा यह देखा जाना चाहिए कि आई.सी.सी. की सिफारिशों का क्रियान्वयन समयबद्ध रूप से किया जा रहा है कि नहीं। आई.सी.सी. के प्रकार्य के लिए समस्त संभावित संसाधन उपलब्ध कराए जाने चाहिए— जिनमें कार्यालय और भवन अवसंरचना सहित (कम्प्यूटर, फोटो कॉपियर, श्रव्य दृश्य उपकरणों आदि) स्टाफ (टाइपिस्ट, सलाह एवं कानूनी सेवाओं) सहित पर्याप्त रूप में वित्तीय संसाधन का आबंटन भी हो;
- (3) असुरक्षित / दुर्बल वर्ग विशेष रूप से प्रताड़ना के शिकार बन जाते हैं और उनके द्वारा शिकायत करना और भी ज्यादा कठिन होता है। क्षेत्र, वर्ग, जाति, लैंगिक प्रवृत्ति, अल्पसंख्यक पहचान, एवं पृथक रूप से सामर्थ से असुरक्षा सामाजिक रूप से संयोजित हो सकती है। समर्थकारी समितियों को इस प्रकार की असुरक्षितताओं के प्रति अति संवेदनशीलता एवं विशेष जरूरतों के प्रति संवेदनशील होने की आवश्यकता है:
- (4) क्योंकि शोध छात्र और डॉक्टोरल छात्र विशेष रूप से आक्रान्त होते हैं, अतः उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा यह सुनिश्चित कराया जाए कि शोध सर्वेक्षण की नैतिकता संबंधी दिशा निर्देश उचित रूप से लागू हो रहे हैं;
- (5) समस्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा उनकी लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी नीति की क्षमता का नियमित रूप से अर्ध वार्षिक पुनरीक्षण किया जाना चाहिए;
- (6) सभी अकादिमिक स्टाफ कॉलेजों (जिन्हें अब मानव संसाधन विकास केन्द्रों के रूप में पाया जाता है) (एचआरडीसी) और क्षमता निर्माण के क्षेत्रीय केन्द्रों द्वारा लिंग संबंधी सत्रों को अपने अभिमुखी एवं पुनश्चर्या पाठ्यक्रमों में निगमित करना चाहिए। अन्य सब विषयों से भी इसे प्राथमिकता दी जाए तथा इसे मुख्य धारा के रूप में विशेष रूप से बनाया जाए तथा इसके लिए ''यूजीसी सक्षम'' रिपोर्ट का उपयोग करें जिसमें, इस बारे में, प्रविधियाँ उपलब्ध कराई जाती हैं;
- (7) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में प्रशासकों के लिए संचालित अभिमुखी पाठ्यक्रमों में आवश्यक रूप से लैंगिक संवेदीकरण तथा लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की समस्याओं पर एक मापदण्ड होना चाहिए। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के समस्त विभागों में मौजूद सदस्यों के लिए कार्यशालाएँ नियमित रूप से संचालित की जानी चाहिए;
- (8) समस्त उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में परामर्श सेवाओं को संस्थानों के अन्तर्गत रखा जाना चाहिए और इसके लिए सुप्रशिक्षित पूर्णकालिक परामर्शदाता होने चाहिए;
- (9) कई उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान जिनके विशाल परिसर हैं जिनमें प्रकाश संबंधी व्यवस्था बहुत अधूरी है तथा अन्य संस्थानों के लोगों के अनुभव अनुसार वे स्थान असुरक्षित समझे जाते हैं, वहाँ पर्याप्त प्रकाश व्यवस्था अवसंरचना एवं रख—रखाव का एक अनिवार्य अंग है;
- (10) पर्याप्त एवं अच्छी तरह से प्रशिक्षित सुरक्षा स्टाफ आवश्यक रूप से होना चाहिए जिसमें महिला सुरक्षा स्टाफ सदस्य अच्छी संख्या में हों, जिससे संतुलन बना रहे। सुरक्षा स्टाफ नियुक्ति के मामले में लैंगिक संवेदनशीलता प्रशिक्षण को एक शर्त के रूप में माना जाना चाहिए:
- (11) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान आवश्यक रूप से विश्वसनीय जन यातायात को सुनिश्चित करें— विशेष रूप से उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के विस्तृत परिसरों के अन्दर विभिन्न विभागों के मध्य जैसे— छात्रावासों, पुस्तकालयों, प्रयोगशालाओं तथा मुख्यालय और विशेष रूप से वे स्थान जिन तक पहुँच पाना दैनिक शोधकर्ताओं के लिए कठिन है। सुरक्षा की कमी तथा उत्पीड़न बहुत बढ़ जाता है जब कर्मचारी और छात्र सुरक्षित जन यातायात पर निर्भर नहीं रहते हैं। कर्मचारी एवं छात्रों द्वारा पुस्तकालयों और प्रयोगशालाओं में देर रात तक काम करने और शाम के समय अन्य कार्यक्रमों में भाग लेने के लिए उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा भरोसेमंद यातायात का प्रबन्ध किया जाना चाहिए;
- (12) आवासीय उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों द्वारा महिला छात्रावासों की संरचना को प्राथमिकता दी जाए। महिला छात्रावास, जो सभी प्रकार के उत्पीड़न से थोड़ी बहुत सुरक्षा प्रदान करते हैं, उस उच्च शिक्षा के सभी स्तरों पर, शहरी एवं ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में बड़ी संख्या में उच्च शिक्षा इच्छुक युवा महिलाओं के लिए अत्यन्त जरूरी है;



- (13) युवा छात्रों की तुलना में छात्रावास में स्थित छात्राओं की सुरक्षा के मामले को भेदभाव पूर्ण नियमों का आधार नहीं बनाया जाना चाहिए। परिसर की सुरक्षा संबंधी नीतियों को महिला कर्मचारी एवं छात्राओं की सुरक्षात्मकता के रूप में नहीं बन जाना चाहिए, जैसे कि आवश्यकता से अधिक सर्वेक्षण या पुलिसिया निगरानी अथवा आने जाने की स्वतंत्रता में कटौती करना— विशेषकर महिला कर्मचारी एवं छात्राओं के लिए;
- (14) सभी उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों के लिए पर्याप्त स्वास्थ्य सुविधायें होनी अधिदेशात्मक हैं। महिलाओं के विषय में इस प्रक्रिया में लिंग संवेदी डाक्टर और नर्से तथा इसके साथ ही एक स्त्री रोग विशेषज्ञ की सेवाएँ उपलब्ध होनी चाहिए;
- (15) महाविद्यालयों में महिला विकास प्रकोष्ठ पुनः चालू किये जाने चाहिए एवं उन्हें धन दिया जाना चाहिए और इन्हें लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी समितियों तथा आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के प्रकार्यों से पृथक करके स्वशासी रखा जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ ही वे आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्रों के परामर्श से अपनी गतिविधियाँ विस्तारित करेंगे जिनमें लैंगिक संवेदीकरण कार्यक्रम शामिल हैं तथा नियमित आधार पर लैंगिक उत्पीड़न विरोधी नीतियाँ परिसरों में प्रचारित प्रसारित करेंगे। "सांस्कृतिक पृष्ठभूमि" एवं "औपचारिक अकादिमक स्थल" इन्हें परस्पर सहभागिता करनी चाहिए तािक ये कार्यशालाएँ नवोन्मेषी, आकर्षक बने एवं मशीनी न हों:
- (16) छात्रावासों के वार्डन, अध्यक्ष, प्राचा**यों, कुलपतियों, विधि अधिकारियों** एवं अन्य कार्यकारी सदस्यों को नियमों के अथवा अध्यादेशों में संशोधनों द्वारा जबाबदेही के दायरे में यथाआवश्यक रूप से लाना चाहिए;

4. शिकायत समाधान तन्त्र:--

- (1) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध प्रत्येक कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी लैंगिक संवेदीकरण के लिए एक आन्तरिक तन्त्र सहित एक आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति (आई.सी.सी.) का गठन करेंगे। आई.सी.सी की निम्न संरचना होगी:--
 - (अ) एक पीठासीन अधिकारी जो एक महिला संकाय सदस्य हो और जो एक वरिष्ठ पद पर (एक विश्वविद्यालय की स्थिति में प्रोफंसर से निम्न न हो तथा किसी महाविद्यालय की स्थिति में सह—प्रोफंसर अथवा रीडर से निम्न न हो) शैक्षिक संस्थान में नियुक्त हो तथा कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित हो:

बशर्ते यदि किसी स्थिति में कोई वरिष्ठ स्तर की महिला कर्मचारी उपलब्ध नहीं है तो पीठासीन अधिकारी को उप-अनुभाग 2(ओ) में दर्शाये कार्यस्थल के अन्य कार्यालय अथवा प्रशासनिक एकांश से उन्हें नामित किया जाएगाः

"बशर्ते यदि उस कार्यस्थल के अन्य कार्यालयों अथवा प्रशासनिक एकांशों में कोई वरिष्ठ स्तर की महिला कर्मचारी नहीं है तो अध्यक्ष अधिकारी को उसी नियोक्ता के कार्यस्थल से अथवा किसी अन्य विभाग या संगठन में से नामित किया जा सकता है"

- (ब) दो संकाय सदस्य एवं दो गैर—अध्यापनरत कर्मचारी जो अधिमानतः महिलाओं की समस्याओं के लिए प्रतिबद्ध है तथा जिन्हें सामाजिक कार्य अथवा कानूनी जानकारी है, उन्हें कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित किया जाना चाहिए;
- (स) यदि किसी मामले में छात्र शामिल हैं तो उसमें तीन छात्र हों जिन्हें स्नातक पूर्व, स्नातकोत्तर एवं शोधस्तर पर क्रमशः भर्ती किया जायेगा जिन छात्रों को पारदर्शी लोकतांत्रिक प्रणाली द्वारा चुना गया है:
- (द) गैर सरकारी संगठनों में से किसी एक में से अथवा किसी ऐसी सभा में से जो महिलाओं की समस्याओं के लिए प्रतिबद्ध हैं या एक ऐसा व्यक्ति हो जो लैंगिक उत्पीड़न से जुड़े मामलों का जानकार हो, जो कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा नामित हो;
- (2) आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के कुल सदस्यों में न्यूनतम आधे सदस्य महिलायें होनी चाहिए;
- (3) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में वरिष्ठ प्रशासनिक पदों पर नियुक्त व्यक्ति जैसे कुलपित, पदेन कुलपित, रेक्टर, कुलसचिव, डीन, विभागों के अध्यक्ष आदि आन्तरिक समिति के सदस्य नहीं होंगे तािक ऐसे केन्द्र के प्रकार्य की स्वायत्तता सुनिश्चित रहे;



Principal

Indicate of Pharmacy

Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 001

- (4) आन्तरिक शिकायत सिमिति के सदस्यों की सदस्यता अविध तीन वर्ष की होगी। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान ऐसी एक प्रणाली का उपयोग करें जिसके द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र के सदस्यों का एक तिहाई भाग प्रतिवर्ष परिवर्तित होता रहे;
- (5) आन्तरिक समिति की बैठक आयोजित करने के लिए जो सदस्य गैर सरकारी संगठनों अथवा सभाओं से संबद्ध हैं उन्हें कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा ऐसे शुल्क अथवा भत्ते का भुगतान किया जाए, जैसा निर्धारित किया गया है;
- (6) जिस रिथति में आन्तरिक समिति का अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा इसका कोई सदस्य, यदि:--
 - (अ) अधिनियम की धारा 16 के प्रावधानों का उल्लंघन करता है, अथवा
 - (ब) वह किसी अपराध के लिए दोषी सिद्ध हुआ है अथवा उसके विरुद्ध वर्तमान में लागू किसी कानून के अन्तर्गत किसी अपराध के बारे में कोई पडताल लम्बित है, अथवा
 - (स) किसी अनुशासनात्मक कार्यवाही के तहत वह दोषी पाया गया है अथवा उसके विरुद्ध कोई अनुशासनात्मक कार्यवाही लिम्बत है, अथवा
 - (द) उसने अपने पद का दुरुपयोग इस सीमा तक किया है कि कार्यालय में उसकी सेवामें निरन्तरता को जनहित के प्रतिकूल माना जाएगा;
 - तो ऐसा अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा सदस्य, यथास्थिति, इस समिति से हटा दिया जाएगा तथा इस प्रकार से होने वाली रिक्ति अथवा ऐसी कोई नैमित्तिक (कैजुअल) रिक्ति को नये नामांकन द्वारा इस धारा के प्रावधानों के अनुसार भरा जाएगा;"
- 5. आन्तरिक षिकायत समिति (आई.सी.सी.) :- आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति करेगी :-
 - (अ) यदि कोई कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र पुलिस के पास कोई शिकायत दर्ज करना चाहता है तो उसे सहायता उपलब्ध कराएगी;
 - (ब) विवाद समाधान के हेतु बातचीत संबंधी तन्त्र उपलब्ध कराना ताकि विवादित बातों पर पूर्वानुमान को समीचीन एवं उचित मैत्रीपूर्ण क्रिया द्वारा देखा जा सका जिससे उस शिकायतकर्ता के अधिकारों की हानि न हो तथा जिससे पूरी तरह से दण्डात्मक दृष्टिकोणों की न्यूनतम जरूरत हो जिनसे और अधिक जानकारी, विमुखता अथवा हिंसा न बढ़े;
 - (स) उस व्यक्ति की पहचान उजागर किये बिना उस शिकायतकर्ता की सुरक्षा बनाए रखना तथा स्वीकृत अवकाश अथवा उपस्थिति संबंधी अनिवार्यताओं में छूट द्वारा अथवा अन्य किसी विभाग में अथवा किसी सर्वेक्षणकर्ता के पास स्थानान्तरण द्वारा, यथा आवश्यक रूप से उस शिकायत के लम्बित होने की अवधि में अथवा उस अपराधकर्ता के स्थानान्तरण का भी प्रावधान किया जाएगा;
 - (द) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न संबंधी शिकायतों के निपटान करते समय सुनिश्चित करें कि पीड़ित व्यक्ति या गवाहों का शोषण ना किया जाए अथवा उनके साथ भेदभाव न किया जाए, तथा
 - (ई) किसी भी आवृत्त व्यक्ति के विरुद्ध अथवा प्रतिकूल कार्रवाई पर प्रतिबन्ध को सुनिश्चित करना क्योंकि वह कर्मचारी अथवा छात्र एक संरक्षित गतिविधि में व्यस्त है;
- 6. षिकायत करने एवं जाँच पड़ताल की प्रक्रिया:— आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति किसी भी शिकायत को दायर करने और उस शिकायत की जाँच करने के लिए इन विनियमों और अधिनियम में निर्धारित प्रणाली का अनुपालन करेगी तािक वह समयबद्ध रूप से पूरी हो सके। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान, आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को सभी आवश्यक सुविधाएँ उपलब्ध कराएगा तािक जाँच पड़ताल शीघता से संचािलत हो सके तथा आवश्यक गोपनीयता भी बनी रहे;
- 7. तैंगिक उत्पीड़न की षिकायत दायर करने की प्रक्रिया :- किसी भी असन्तुष्ट व्यक्ति के लिए आवश्यक है कि वह घटना होने की तिथि से तीन माह के भीतर लिखित शिकायत आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को प्रस्तुत करे और यदि लगातार कई घटनाएँ हुई हो तो सबसे बाद की घटना से तीन माह के भीतर उसे प्रस्तुत करें;
 - बशर्ते जहाँ ऐसी शिकायत लिखित रूप में नहीं दी जा सकती है, वहाँ अध्यक्ष अधिकारी अथवा आन्तरिक समिति का कोई भी सदस्य, उस व्यक्ति के द्वारा लिखित शिकायत प्रस्तुत करने के लिए समस्त सम्भव सहायता प्रदान करेगा;
 - बशर्ते, इसके साथ ही आई.सी.सी. लिखित रूप से प्रस्तुत तर्कों के आधार पर समय सीमा विस्तारित कर सकती है, परन्तु वह तीन माह से अधिक की नहीं होगी, यदि इस बात को आश्वस्त किया गया हो कि परिस्थितियाँ ऐसी थी कि जिनके कारण वह व्यक्ति इस कथित अविध के दौरान शिकायत दायर करने से वंचित रह गया था;
- जाँच पड़ताल की प्रक्रिया:-



- (1) शिकायत मिलने पर आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति इसकी एक प्रति को प्रतिवादी को इसके प्राप्त होने से सात दिनों के भीतर भेजेगी;
- (2) शिकायत की प्रति मिलने के बाद प्रतिवादी अपना उत्तर इस शिकायत के बारे में, समस्त दस्तावेजों की सूची, गवाहों के नामों एवं पतों के नामों एवं उनके पतों सहित दस दिन की अवधि में दाखिल करेगा;
- (3) शिकायत प्राप्त होने के 90 दिनों के भीतर ही जाँच पड़ताल पूरी की जानी चाहिए। अनुशंसाओं सहित, यदि वे हों, तो, जाँच पड़ताल रिपोर्ट उस जाँच के पूरा होने के 10 दिनों के भीतर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी को प्रस्तुत की जानी चाहिए। इस शिकायत से जुड़े दोनों पक्षों के समक्ष इस जाँच के तथ्यों या सिफारिशों की प्रति दी जाएगी;
- (4) जाँच रिपोर्ट प्राप्त होने के 30 दिनों के भीतर इस समिति की सिफारिशों पर उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के अध्यक्ष प्राधिकारी कार्यवाही करेंगे, यदि किसी भी पक्ष द्वारा उस अवधि में जाँच के विरुद्ध कोई अपील दायर न की गई हो;
- (5) दोनों में से किसी भी पक्ष द्वारा आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा प्रदान तथ्यों / अनुशंसाओं के विरुद्ध उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी के समक्ष की गई अनुशंसाओं की तिथि से तीस दिन की अवधि में अपील दायर की जा सकती है;
- (6) उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी यदि आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति की सिफारिशों के अनुसार कार्य नहीं करने का निर्णय लेता है तो वह इसके बारे में लिखित रूप से कारण स्पष्ट करेगा जिन्हें आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति को तथा उस कार्यवाही से जुड़े दोनों पक्षों को भेजा जाएगा। यदि दूसरी ओर वह आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा की गई सिफारिशों के अनुसार कार्य करने का निर्णय लेता है तो एक कारण बताओं नोटिस जिसका 10 दिनों के भीतर उत्तर भेजा जाना है— उसे उस पक्ष को भेजा जाएगा जिसके विरुद्ध कार्यवाही की जानी है। उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान के कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी उस असन्तुष्ट व्यक्ति का पक्ष सुनने के पश्चात ही आगे की कार्यवाई करेंगे;
- (7) मामले को निपटाने के उद्देश्य से पीड़ित पक्ष एक सुलह का आग्रह कर सकता है। सुलह का आधार कोई आर्थिक समझौता नहीं होना चाहिए। यदि कोई सुलह का प्रस्ताव रखा जाता है तो यथास्थिति उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान सुलह की प्रक्रिया को आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति के माध्यम से सुलभ कराएगा। किसी भी दण्डात्मक हस्तक्षेप की तुलना में, जहाँ तक संभव होता है, उस पीड़ित पक्ष की पूरी संतुष्टि के लिए उस पारस्परिक विरोध के समाधान को अधिमानता दी जाती है;
- (8) पीड़ित पक्ष अथवा पीड़ित व्यक्ति अथवा गवाह अथवा अपराधकर्ता की पहचान सार्वजनिक नहीं की जाएगी या विशेष रूप से उस जाँच प्रक्रिया के दौरान इसे सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र में रखा जाएगा;
- 9. अन्तरिम समाधान:- उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान,
 - (अ) यदि आन्तरिक शिकायत केन्द्र सिफारिश करता है तो शिकायतकर्ता अथवा प्रतिवादी को अन्य किसी अनुभाग अथवा विभाग में स्थानान्तरित किया जा सकता है ताकि सम्पर्क अथवा अन्योन्य क्रिया में शामिल जोखिम कम से कम बना रहे;
 - (ब) पीड़ित पक्ष को, सम्पूर्ण स्तर संबंधी एवं अन्य हित लाभों के संरक्षण सहित तीन माह तक का अवकाश स्वीकृत
 - (स) शिकायतकर्ता के किसी भी काम अथवा निष्पादन अथवा परीक्षण अथवा परीक्षाओं के संबंध में कोई बात प्रकट न करने के लिए प्रतिवादी को बाध्य कर दें;
 - (द) सुनिश्चित करें कि अपराधकर्ताओं को पीड़ित व्यक्तियों से दूरी बना कर रखनी चाहिए तथा यथा आवश्यक, यदि कोई प्रत्यक्ष धमकी है तो उनका परिसर में प्रवेश प्रतिबंधित कर दे;
 - (ई) लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की किसी शिकायत के परिणाम स्वरूप, शिकायतकर्ता को प्रतिशोध एवं उत्पीड़न से सुरक्षा प्रदान करने के लिए तथा एक अनुकूल वातावरण उपलब्ध कराने के लिए सख्त उपाय किये जाने चाहिए;

10. दण्ड एवं हरजानाः-

- (1) अपराधकर्ता यदि उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान का कर्मचारी है तथा लैंगिक उत्पीड़न का दोषी पाया जाता है तो उसे संस्थान के सेवा नियमों के अनुसार दण्डित किया जाएगा;
- (2) अपराध की गंभीरता को देखते हुए- यदि प्रतिवादी कोई छात्र है, तो उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान:-
- (अ) ऐसे छात्र के विशेषाधिकारों को रोक सकता है तो, जैसे-पुस्तकालय, सभागार, आवासीय आगारों, यातायात, छात्रवृति, भत्तों एवं पहचान पत्र आदि तक पहुँच बनाना;



- (व) एक विशेष समय तक परिसर में उसका प्रवेश स्थगित अथवा बाधित करना;
- (स) यदि उस अपराध की ऐसी गंभीरता है तो उस छात्र को संस्थान से निष्कासित किया जा सकता है तथा उसका नाम उस संस्थान की नामाविल से हटाया जा सकता है, इसके साथ ही पुनः प्रवेश की अनुमित उसे नहीं होगी;
- (द) अधिदेशात्मक परामर्श अथवा सामुदायिक सेवाओं जैसे स्धारवादी दण्ड प्रदान करना;
- (3) पीड़ित व्यक्ति मुआवजे का अधिकारी है। आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति द्वारा अनुशंसित तथा कार्यकारी प्राधिकारी द्वारा स्वीकृत मुआवजे के भुगतान के लिए उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थान निर्देश जारी करेगा, जिसकी वसूली अपराधकर्ता से की जाएगी। देय मुआवजे का निर्धारण निम्न आधार पर होगा:-
- (अ) पीड़ित व्यक्ति को जितना मानसिक तनाव, कष्ट, व्यथा एवं दुख पहुँचा है;
- (ब) उस लैंगिक उत्पीड़न की घटना के कारण उन्हें अपनी जीविका के सुअवसर की हानि उढानी पड़ी;
- (स) पीड़ित व्यक्ति द्वारा अपने शारीरिक एवं मनोरोग संबंधी आधार के लिए खर्च किए गए चिकित्सा व्यय;
- (द) कथित अपराधकर्ता एवं उस पीड़ित व्यक्ति की आय एवं जीवन स्तर, और
- (ई) ऐसे समस्त भुगतान का एकमुश्त रूप से या किस्तों में किए जाने का औचित्य;

11. झूठी षिकायत के विरुद्ध कार्यवाई:--

इस बात को सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि लैंगिक उत्पीड़न मामलों में कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों की सुरक्षा के प्रावधानों का दुरुपयोग न हो, असत्य एवं द्वेष भावना पूर्ण शिकायतों के विरुद्ध प्रावधान किये जाने की आवश्यकता है तथा इन्हें उच्चतर शैक्षिक संस्थानों में प्रचारित प्रसारित किया जाना चाहिए। आन्तरिक शिकायत समिति यदि यह निष्कर्ष निकालती है कि लगाए गए अभियोग असत्य, थे, विद्वेषपूर्ण थे अथवा यह जानते हुए भी कि वह शिकायत असत्य अथवा जाली है अथवा भ्रामक सूचना को उस पड़ताल के दौरान उपलब्ध कराया गया है तो शिकायतकर्ता विनियम (10) के उप विनियम (1) के तहत दिण्डत किये जाने के लिए बाध्य होगा यदि शिकायतकर्ता एक कर्मचारी है, तथा यदि वह अपराधकर्ता एक छात्र है तो वह इस विनियम की उप—विनियम (2) के प्रावधानों के अनुसार सजा के लिए बाध्य होगा तथापि किसी भी शिकायत को प्रमाणित करने अथवा उसके लिए पर्याप्त सबूत उपलब्ध न कर पाने का आधार, शिकायतकर्ता के विरुद्ध कार्रवाई करने का कारण नहीं माना जा सकता है। शिकायतकर्ता द्वारा द्वेषपूर्ण उद्देश्य से दायर शिकायत की जाँच पड़ताल द्वारा तय किया जाना चाहिए तथा इस बारे में किसी कार्रवाई की सिफारिश किए जाने से पूर्व इस विषय में निर्धारित प्रणाली के अनुसार जाँच की जानी चाहिए;

12. गैर अनुपालन के परिणाम:--

- (1) ऐसे संस्थान जो जानबूझकर अथवा बारंबार उन दायित्चों तथा कर्तव्यों के अनुपालन में असमर्थ बना रहता है जिन्हें कर्मचारियों एवं छात्रों के प्रति लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के निराकरण, निषेध एवं समाधान हेतु निर्धारित किया गया है, तो इस स्थिति में आयोग विधिवत नोटिस देकर निम्न में से किसी एक अथवा इससे अधिक बिन्दुओं पर कार्रवाई करेगा:-
 - (अ) विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 की धारा 12(बी) के अन्तर्गत की गई घोषणा जो पात्रता दिये जाने के विषय में है, उसका आहरण किया जाना;
 - (ब) आयोग द्वारा अधिनियम 1956 की धारा 2 (एफ) के अन्तर्गत अनुरक्षित सूची में से उस विश्वविद्यालय अथवा महाविद्यालय का नाम हटाना;
 - (स) संस्थान को आबंटित किसी भी अनुदान को रोक देना;
 - (द) आयोग को किसी भी सामान्य अथवा विशेष सहायता कार्यक्रमों के अन्तर्गत किसी भी सहायता को प्राप्त करने के लिए उस संस्थान को अपात्र घोषित किया जाना;
 - (ई) जन साधारण को, एवं रोजगार अथवा प्रवेश के इच्छुक भावी प्रत्याशियों को एक ऐसे नोटिस द्वारा सूचित करना जो समाचार पत्रों में प्रमुख रूप से दर्शाया गया है अथवा उपयुक्त मीडिया में दर्शाया गया है तथा आयोग की वेबसाइट पर प्रदर्शित किया गया है तथा जिस नोटिस में घोषणा की गई है कि वह संस्थान लैंगिक उत्पीड़न के विरुद्ध शून्य सहनशीलता नीति 'मतव जवसमतंदबम चवसपबलद्ध का समर्थन नहीं करता है:
 - (एफ) यदि वह एक महाविद्यालय है तो उसके सम्बद्ध विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा उसकी सहसम्बद्धता को आहरित करने की अनुशंसा के लिये कहें;



- (जी) यदि वह एक मानित विश्वविद्यालय संस्थान है तो केन्द्र सरकार को उस मानित विश्वविद्यालय के आहरण की अनुशंसा करना;
- (एच) यदि वह किसी राज्य अधिनियम के अन्तर्गत स्थापित अथवा नियमित विश्वविद्यालय है तो उसके इस स्तर को आहरित करने के लिए उपयुक्त राज्य सरकार को सिफारिश करना;
- (आई) जैसे कि विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग अधिनियम 1956 के अन्तर्गत प्रावधान किया जाना हो तदनुसार अपने अधिकारों के अनुसार यथोचित रूप से ऐसी समयावधि के लिए दण्ड प्रदान कर सकता है जिस समय तक वह संस्थान इन विनियमों में निर्धारित प्रावधानों का अनुपालन नहीं करता है;
- (जं) इन विनियमों के अन्तर्गत आयोग द्वारा उस समय तक कार्रवाई नहीं की जाएगी जब तक कि संस्थान को अपना पक्ष प्रस्तुत करने के लिए प्रदत्त सुअवसर के आधार पर उनकी सुनवाई कर ली गई हो;

[विज्ञापन—III/4/असा./53] जसपाल एस. संधु, सचिव, यूजीसी

MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT

(University Grants Commission) NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 2nd May, 2016

University Grants Commission (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015

No. F. 91-1/2013(TFGS).—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 26 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956), read with sub-section (1) of Section 20 of the said Act, the University Grants Commission hereby makes the following regulations, namely:-

- Short title, application and commencement.—(1) These regulations may be called the University
 Grants Commission (Prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of women employees
 and students in higher educational institutions) Regulations, 2015.
 - (2) They shall apply to all higher educational institutions in India.
 - (3) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
- 2. Definitions.—In these regulations, unless the context otherwise requires,-
- (a) "aggrieved woman" means in relation to work place, a woman of any age whether employed or not, who alleges to have been subjected to any act of sexual harassment by the respondent;
- (b) 'Act' means the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (14 of 2013);
- (c) "campus" means the location or the land on which a Higher Educational Institution and its related institutional facilities like libraries, laboratories, lecture halls, residences, halls, toilets, student centres, hostels, dining halls, stadiums, parking areas, parks-like settings and other amenities like health centres, canteens, Bank counters, etc., are situated and also includes extended campus and covers within its scope places visited as a student of the HEI including transportation provided for the purpose of commuting to and from the institution, the locations outside the institution on field trips, internships, study tours, excursions, short- term placements, places used for camps, cultural festivals, sports meets and such other activities where a person is participating in the capacity of an employee or a student of the HEI;



- (d) Commission" means the University Grants Commission established under section 4 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956);
- (e) "covered individuals" are persons who have engaged in protected activity such as filing a sexual harassment charge, or who are closely associated with an individual who has engaged in protected activity and such person can be an employee or a fellow student or guardian of the offended person;
- (f) "employee" means a person as defined in the Act and also includes, for the purposes of these Regulations trainee, apprentice (or called by any other name), interns, volunteers, teacher assistants, research assistants, whether employed or not, including those involved in field studies, projects, short-visits and camps;
- (g) "Executive Authority" means the chief executive authority of the HEI, by whatever name called, in which the general administration of the HEI is vested. For public funded institutions the Executive Authority means the Disciplinary Authority as indicated in Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965 or its equivalent rules;
- (h) "Higher Educational Institution" (HEI) means a university within the meaning of clause (j) of section 2, a college within the meaning of clause(b) of sub-section (1) of section 12A and an institution deemed to be a University under section 3 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956);
- (i) "Internal Complaints Committee" (ICC) means Internal Complaints Committee to be constituted by an HEI under sub regulation (1) of regulation 4 of these regulations. Any existing body already functioning with the same objective (like the Gender Sensitization Committee Against Sexual Harassment (GSCASH)) should be reconstituted as the ICC;
 - Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required for ICC under these regulations. Provided further that such a Body shall be bound by the provisions of these regulations;
- (j) "protected activity" includes reasonable opposition to a practice believed to violate sexual harassment laws on behalf of oneself or others such as participation in sexual harassment proceedings, cooperating with an internal investigation or alleged sexual harassment practices or acting as a witness in an investigation by an outside agency or in litigation;
- (k) "sexual harassment" means-
 - (i) "An unwanted conduct with sexual undertones if it occurs or which is persistent and which demeans, humiliates or creates a hostile and intimidating environment or is calculated to induce submission by actual or threatened adverse consequences and includes any one or more or all of the following unwelcome acts or behaviour (whether directly or by implication), namely;-
 - (a) any unwelcome physical, verbal or non verbal conduct of sexual nature;
 - (b) demand or request for sexual favours;
 - (c) making sexually coloured remarks
 - (d) physical contact and advances; or
 - (e) showing pornography"
 - (ii) any one (or more than one or all) of the following circumstances, if it occurs or is present in relation or connected with any behaviour that has explicit or implicit sexual undertones-
 - (a) implied or explicit promise of preferential treatment as quid pro quo for sexual favours;
 - (b) implied or explicit threat of detrimental treatment in the conduct of work;
 - (c) implied or explicit threat about the present or future status of the person concerned;
 - (d) creating an intimidating offensive or hostile learning environment;
 - humiliating treatment likely to affect the health, safety dignity or physical integrity of the person concerned;



- (1) "student" means a person duly admitted and pursuing a programme of study either through regular mode or distance mode, including short-term training programmes in a HEI; Provided that a student who is in the process of taking admission in HEIs campus, although not yet admitted, shall be treated, for the purposes of these regulations, as a student of that HEI, where any incident of sexual harassment takes place against such student; Provided that a student who is a participant in any of the activities in a HEI other than the HEI where such student is enrolled shall be treated, for the purposes of these regulations, as a student of that HEI where any incident of sexual harassment takes place against such student;
- (m) "third Party Harassment" refers to a situation where sexual harassment occurs as a result of an act or omission by any third party or outsider, who is not an employee or a student of the HEI, but a visitor to the HEl in some other capacity or for some other purpose orreason;
- implicit or explicit (n) "victimisation" means any unfavourable treatment meted out to a person with an intention to obtain sexual favour;

(o) "workplace" means the campus of a HEI including-

- (a) Any department, organisation, undertaking, establishment, enterprise, institution, office, branch or unit which is established, owned, controlled or wholly or substantially financed by funds provided directly or indirectly by the appropriate HEIs;
- (b) Any sports institute, stadium, sports complex or competition or games venue, whether residential or not used for training, sports or other activities relating thereof in HEIs;
- (c) Any place visited by the employee or student arising out of or during the course of employment or study including transportation provided by the Executive Authority for undertaking such journey for study in HEIs.'
- Responsibilities of the Higher Educational Institution- (1) Every HEI shall,-3.
- Wherever required, appropriately subsume the spirit of the above definitions in its policy and regulations on prevention and prohibition of sexual harassment against the employees and the (a) students, and modify its ordinances and rules in consonance with the requirements of the Regulations;
- publicly notify the provisions against sexual harassment and ensuretheir wide dissemination; (b)
- organise training programmes or as the case may be, workshops for the officers, functionaries, faculty and students, as indicated in the SAKSHAM Report (Measures for Ensuring the Safety of Women and (c) Programmes for Gender Sensitization on Campuses) of the Commission, to sensitize them and ensure knowledge and awareness of the rights, entitlements and responsibilities enshrined in the Act and under these regulations;
- act decisively against all gender based violence perpetrated against employees and students of all sexes recognising that primarily women employees and students and some male students and students (d) of the third gender are vulnerable to many forms of sexual harassment and humiliation and exploitation;
- publicly commit itself to a zero tolerance policy towards sexual harassment; (e)
- reinforce its commitment to creating its campus free from discrimination, harassment, retaliation or (f) sexual assault at all levels;
- create awareness about what constitutes sexual harassment including hostile environment harassment (g) and quid pro quo harassment;
- include in its prospectus and display prominently at conspicuous places or Notice Boards the penalty and consequences of sexual harassment and make all sections of the institutional community aware of (h) the information on the mechanism put in place for redressal of complaints pertaining to sexual



these regulations;

harassment, contact details of members of Internal Complaints Committee, complaints procedure and so on. Any existing body already functioning with the same objective (like the Gender Sensitization Committee Against Sexual Harassment (GSCASH)) should be reconstituted as the ICC; Provided that in the latter case the HEI shall ensure that the constitution of such a Body is as required for ICC under these regulations. Provided further that such a Body shall be bound by the provisions of

- (i) inform employees and students of the recourse available to them if they are victims of sexual harassment;
- organise regular orientation or training programmes for the members of the ICC to deal with complaints, steer the process of settlement or conciliation, etc., with sensitivity;
- (k) proactively move to curb all forms of harassment of employees and students whether it is from those in a dominant power or hierarchical relationship within HEIs or owing to intimate partner violence or from peers or from elements outside of the geographical limits of the HEI;
- (l) be responsible to bring those guilty of sexual harassment against its employees and students to book and initiate all proceedings as required by law and also put in place mechanisms and redressal systems like the ICC to curb and prevent sexual harassment on its campus;
- (m) treat sexual harassment as a misconduct under service rules and initiate action for misconduct if the perpetrator is an employee;
- (n) treat sexual harassment as a violation of the disciplinary rules (leading up to rustication and expulsion) if the perpetrator is a student;
- ensure compliance with the provisions of these regulations, including appointment of ICC, within a
 period of sixty days from the date of publication of these regulations;
- (p) monitor the timely submission of reports by the ICC;
- (q) prepare an annual status report with details on the number of cases filed and their disposal and submit the same to the Commission.
- 3.2 Supportive measures.—(1) The rules, regulations or any such other instrument by which ICC shall function have to be updated and revised from time-to-time, as court judgments and other laws and rules will continue to revise the legal framework within which the Act is to be implemented.
 - (2) The Executive Authority of the HEIs must mandatorily extend full support to see that the recommendations of the ICC are implemented in a timely manner. All possible institutional resources must be given to the functioning of the ICC, including office and building infrastructure (computers, photocopiers, audio-video, equipment, etc.), staff (typists, counselling and legal services) as, well as a sufficient allocation of financial resources.
 - (3) Vulnerable groups are particularly prone to harassment and also find it more difficult to complain. Vulnerability can be socially compounded by region, class, caste, sexual orientation, minority identity and by being differently abled. Enabling committees must be sensitive to such vulnerabilities and special needs.
 - (4) Since research students and doctoral candidates are particularly vulnerable the HEIs must ensure that the guidelines for ethics for Research Supervision are put in place.
 - (5) All HEIs must conduct a regular and half yearly review of the efficacy and implementation of their anti-sexual harassment policy.



- (6) All Academic Staff Colleges (now known asHuman Resource Development Centres (HRDCs) and Regional Centres for Capacity Building (RCCBs) must incorporate sessions on gender in their orientation and refresher courses. This should be across disciplines, and preferably mainstreamed using the UGC SAKSHAM Report which provides indicative modules in this regard.
- (7) Orientation courses for administrators conducted in HEIs must have a module on gender sensitization and sexual harassment issues. Regular workshops are to be conducted for all sections of the HEI community.
- (8) Counselling services must be institutionalised in all HEIs and must have well trained full-time counsellors.
- (9) Many HEIs having large campuses have a deficit in lighting and are experienced as unsafe places by the institutional community. Adequate lighting is a necessary aspect of infrastructure and maintenance.
- (10) Adequate and well trained security including a good proportion or balance of women security staff is necessary. Security staff must receive gender sensitization training as a part of conditions of appointment.
- (11) HEIs must ensure reliable public transport, especially within large campuses between different sections of the HEI, hostels, libraries, laboratories and main buildings, and especially those that do not have good access for day scholars. Lack of safety as well as harassment is exacerbated when employees and students cannot depend on safe public transport. Reliable transport may be considered by HEIs to enable employees and students to work late in libraries, laboratories and to attend programmes in the evenings.
- (12) Residential HEIs should accord priority to construction of women's hostels. For the growing population of young women wishing to access higher education, hostel accommodation is desirable in both urban and rural areas and at all levels of higher education which provides a modicum of protection from harassment of all kinds.
- (13) Concern for the safety of women students must not be cited to impose discriminatory rules for women in the hostels as compared to male students. Campus safety policies should not result in securitization, such as over monitoring or policing or curtailing the freedom of movement, especially for women employees and students.
- (14) Adequate health facilities are equally mandatory for all HEIs. In the case of women this must include gender sensitive doctors and nurses, as well as the services of a gynaecologist.
- (15) The Women's Development Cells in colleges shall be revived and funded to be able to carry out the range of activities required for gender sensitizationand remain autonomous of the functioning of anti sexual harassment committees and ICCs. At the same time they shall extend their activities to include gender sensitization programmes in consultation with ICCs and help to disseminate anti-sexual harassment policies on campuses on a regular basis. The 'cultural' space and the 'formal academic space' need to collaborate to render these workshops innovative, engaging and non-mechanical.
- (16) Hostel Wardens, Provosts, Principals, Vice Chancellors, Legal Officers and other functionaries must be brought within the domain of accountability through amendments in the rules or Ordinances where necessary.
- 4. Grievance redressal mechanism.—(1) Every Executive Authority shall constitute an Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) with an inbuilt mechanism for gender sensitization against sexual harassment. The ICC shall have the following composition:-



(a) A Presiding Officer who shall be a woman faculty member employed at a senior level (not below a Professor in case of a university, and not below an Associate Professor or Reader in case of a college) at the educational institution, nominated by the Executive Authority;

Provided that in case a senior level woman employee is not available, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from other offices or administrative units of the workplace referred to in sub-section 2(o);

Provided further that in case the other offices or administrative units of the workplace do not have a senior level woman employee, the Presiding Officer shall be nominated from any other workplace of the same employer or other department or organization;"

- (b) two faculty members and two non-teaching employees, preferably committed to the cause of women or who have had experience in social work or have legal knowledge, nominated by the Executive Authority;
- (c) Three students, if the matter involves students, who shall be enrolled at the undergraduate, master's, and research scholar levels respectively, elected through transparent democratic procedure;
 - (d) one member from amongst non-government organisations or associations committed to the cause of women or a person familiar with the issues relating to sexual harassment, nominated by the Executive Authority.
- (2) At least one-half of the total members of the ICC shall be women.
- (3) Persons in senior administrative positions in the HEI, such as Vice- Chancellor, Pro Vice-Chancellors, Rectors, Registrar, Deans, Heads of Departments, etc., shall not be members of ICCs in order to ensure autonomy of their functioning.
- (4) The term of office of the members of the ICC shall be for a period of three years. HEIs may also employ a system whereby one –third of the members of the ICC may change every year.
- (5) The Member appointed form amongst the non-governmental organizations or associations shall be paid such fees or allowances for holding the proceedings of the Internal Committee, by the Executive Authority as may be prescribed.
- (6) Where the Presiding Officer or any member of the Internal Committee:
 - (a) contravenes the provisions of section 16 of the Act; or
 - (b) has been convicted for an offence or an inquiry into an offence under any law for the time being in force is pending against him; or
 - he has been found guilty in any disciplinary proceedings or a disciplinary proceeding is pending against him; or
 - (d) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest

such Presiding Officer or Member, as the case may be, shall be removed from the Committee and the vacancy so created or any casual vacancy shall be filled by fresh nomination in accordance with the provisions of this section."

Espensibilities of Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) - The Internal Complaints Committee

provide assistance if an employee or a student chooses to file a complaint with the police;



- (b) provide mechanisms of dispute redressal and dialogue to anticipate and address issues through just and fair conciliation without undermining complainant's rights, and minimize the need for purely punitive approaches that lead to further resentment, alienation or violence;
- (c) protect the safety of the complainant by not divulging the person's identity, and provide the mandatory relief by way of sanctioned leave or relaxation of attendance requirement or transfer to another department or supervisor as required during the pendency of the complaint, or also provide for the transfer of the offender;
- (d) ensure that victims or witnesses are not victimised or discriminated against while dealing with complaints of sexual harassment; and
- (e) ensure prohibition of retaliation or adverse action against a covered individual because the employee or the student is engaged in protected activity.
- 6. The process for making complaint and conducting Inquiry The ICC shall comply with the procedure prescribed in these Regulations and the Act, for making a complaint and inquiring into the complaint in a time bound manner. The HEI shall provide all necessary facilities to the ICC to conduct the inquiry expeditiously and with required privacy
- 7. Process of making complaint of sexual harassment An aggrieved person is required to submit a written complaint to the ICC within three months from the date of the incident and in case of a series of incidents within a period of three months from the date of the last incident.

Provided that where such complaint cannot be made in writing, the Presiding Officer or any Member of the Internal Committee shall render all reasonable assistance to the person for making the complaint in writing:

Provided further that the ICC may, for the reasons to be accorded in the writing, extend the time limit not exceeding three months, if it is satisfied that the circumstances were such which prevented the person from filing a complaint within the said period."

Friends, relatives, Colleagues, Co-students, Psychologist, or any other associate of the victim may file the complaint in situations where the aggrieved person is unable to make a complaint on account of physical or mental in capacity or death.

- 8. Process of conducting Inquiry- (1) The ICC shall, upon receipt of the complaint, send one copy of the complaint to the respondent within a period of seven days of such receipt.
- Upon receipt of the copy of the complaint, the respondent shall file his or her reply to the complaint a reg with the list of documents, and names and addresses of witnesses within a period of ten days.
- The inquiry has to be completed within a period of ninety days from the receipt of the complaint. The inally report, with recommendations, if any, has to be submitted within ten days from the completion of the inally to the Executive Authority of the HEI. Copy of the findings or recommendations shall also be served as a fact that the to the complaint.
- The Executive Authority of the HEI shall act on the recommendations of the committee within a period of their days from the receipt of the inquiry report, unless an appeal against the findings is filed within the time of a their party.
- An access against the findings or /recommendations of the ICC may be filed by either party before the Executive Factor by of the HEI within a period of thirty days from the date of the recommendations.
- If the Executive Authority of the HEI decides not to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then the same to be conveyed to ICC and both the parties to the proceedings. If the parties is decided to act as per the recommendations of the ICC, then a show cause notice, the parties are days, shall be served on the party against whom action is decided to be taken. The the party are the HEI shall proceed only after considering the reply or hearing the aggrieved person.
- The aggree at tary may seek conciliation in order to settle the matter. No monetary settlement and the settlement are a few of conciliation. The HEI shall facilitate a conciliation process through ICC, as the



case may be, once it is sought. The resolution of the conflict to the full satisfaction of the aggrieved party wherever possible, is preferred to purely punitive intervention.

- (8) The identities of the aggrieved party or victim or the witness or the offender shall not be made public or kept in the public domain especially during the process of the inquiry.
- 9. Interim redressal-The HEI may,
- (a) transfer the complainant or the respondent to another section or department to minimise the risks involved in contact or interaction, if such a recommendation is made by the ICC;
- (b) grant leave to the aggrieved with full protection of status and benefits for a period up to three months;
- (c) restrain the respondent from reporting on or evaluating the work or performance or tests or examinations of the complainant;
- (d) ensure that offenders are warned to keep a distance from the aggrieved, and wherever necessary, if there is a definite threat, restrain their entry into the campus;
- (e) take strict measures to provide a conducive environment of safety and protection to the complainant against retaliation and victimisation as a consequence of making a complaint of sexual harassment.
- 10. Punishment and compensation- (1) Anyone found guilty of sexual harassment shall be punished in accordance with the service rules of the HEI, if the offender is an employee.
- (2) Where the respondent is a student, depending upon the severity of the offence, the HEI may,-
 - (a) withhold privileges of the student such as access to the library, auditoria, halls of residence, transportation, scholarships, allowances, and identity card;
 - (b) suspend or restrict entry into the campus for a specific period;
 - expel and strike off name from the rolls of the institution, including denial of readmission, if the offence so warrants;
 - (d) award reformative punishments like mandatory counselling and, or, performance of community services.
- (3) The aggrieved person is entitled to the payment of compensation. The HEI shall issue direction for payment of the compensation recommended by the ICC and accepted by the Executive Authority, which shall be recovered from the offender. The compensation payable shall be determined on the basis of-
 - (a) mental trauma, pain, suffering and distress caused to the aggrieved person;
 - (b) the loss of career opportunity due to the incident of sexual harassment;
 - (c) the medical expenses incurred by the victim for physical, psychiatric treatment;
 - (d) the income and status of the alleged perpetrator and victim; and
 - (e) the feasibility of such payment in lump sum or in instalments.
- 11. Action against frivolous complaint.—To ensure that the provisions for the protection of employees and students from sexual harassment do not get misused, provisions against false or malicious complaints have to be made and publicised within all HEIs. If the ICC concludes that the allegations made were false, malicious or the complaint was made knowing it to be untrue, or forged or misleading information has been provided during the inquiry, the complainant shall be liable to be punished as per the provisions of subregulations (1) of regulations 10, if the complainant happens to be an employee and as per sub-regulation (2)



of that regulation, if the complainant happens to be a student. However, the mere inability to substantiate a complaint or provide adequate proof will not attract attention against the complainant. Malicious intent on the part of the complainant shall not be established without an inquiry, in accordance with the procedure prescribed, conducted before any action is recommended.

- 12. Consequences of non-compliance.—(1) The Commission shall, in respect of any institution that will fully contravenes or repeatedly fails to comply with the obligations and duties laid out for the prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment of employees and students, take one or more of the following actions after providing due notice: -
- (a) withdrawal of declaration of fitness to receive grants under section 12B of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956.
- removing the name of the university or college from the list maintained by the Commission under clause (f) of section 2 of said Act, 1956;
- (c) withholding any grant allocated to the institution;
- (d) declaring the institution ineligible for consideration for any assistance under any of the general or special assistance programmes of the Commission;
- (e) informing the general public, including potential candidates for employment or admission, through a notice displayed prominently in the newspapers or other suitable media and posted on the website of the Commission, declaring that the institution does not provide for a zero tolerance policy against sexual harassment;
- (f) recommending the affiliating university for withdrawal of affiliation, in case of a college;
- recommending the Central Government for withdrawal of declaration as an institution deemed to be university, in case of an institution deemed to be university;
- (h) recommending the appropriate State Government for withdrawal of status as university in case of a university established or incorporated under a State Act.
- (i) taking such other action within its powers as it may deem fit and impose such other penalties as may be provided in the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 for such duration of time till the institution complies with the provisions of these regulations.
- (2) No action shall be taken by the Commission under these regulations unless the Institution has been given an opportunity to explain its position and an opportunity of being heard has been provided to it.

[Advt.-III/4/Exty./53]

JASPAL S. SANDHU, Secy. UGC

